

Peer Reviewed Medical Papers Submitted To Various Medical Journals, Evidencing A Multitude Of Adverse Events In Covid-19 Vaccine Recipients

Myocarditis (includes terms: Inflammatory Heart Reactions & Myocardial)

An inflammation of the heart muscle (myocardium). The inflammation can reduce the heart's ability to pump and cause rapid or irregular heart rhythms (arrhythmias). Signs and symptoms of myocarditis include chest pain, fatigue, shortness of breath, and rapid or irregular heartbeats. In a small percentage of cases persons with myocarditis can be at risk of sudden death following strenuous activity. Some sufferers of myocarditis may require heart surgery or a heart transplant later in life.

1. Myocarditis after mRNA vaccination against SARS-CoV-2, a case series: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2666602221000409>
2. Myocarditis after immunization with COVID-19 mRNA vaccines in members of the US military. This article reports that in “23 male patients, including 22 previously healthy military members, myocarditis was identified within 4 days after receipt of the vaccine”: <https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jamacardiology/fullarticle/2781601>
3. Association of myocarditis with the BNT162b2 messenger RNA COVID-19 vaccine in a case series of children: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34374740/>
4. Acute symptomatic myocarditis in seven adolescents after Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pediatrics.aappublications.org/content/early/2021/06/04/peds.2021-052478>
5. Myocarditis and pericarditis after vaccination with COVID-19 mRNA: practical considerations for care providers: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0828282X21006243>
6. Myocarditis, pericarditis and cardiomyopathy after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1443950621011562>
7. Myocarditis with COVID-19 mRNA vaccines: <https://www.ahajournals.org/doi/pdf/10.1161/CIRCULATIONAHA.121.056135>
8. Myocarditis and pericarditis after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jama/fullarticle/2782900>
9. Myocarditis temporally associated with COVID-19 vaccination: <https://www.ahajournals.org/doi/pdf/10.1161/CIRCULATIONAHA.121.055891>.
10. COVID-19 Vaccination Associated with Myocarditis in Adolescents: <https://pediatrics.aappublications.org/content/pediatrics/early/2021/08/12/peds.2021-053427.full.pdf>
11. Acute myocarditis after administration of BNT162b2 vaccine against COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33994339/>
12. Temporal association between COVID-19 vaccine Ad26.COV2.S and acute myocarditis: case report and review of the literature: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1553838921005789>
13. COVID-19 vaccine-induced myocarditis: a case report with review of the literature: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1871402121002253>

14. Potential association between COVID-19 vaccine and myocarditis: clinical and CMR findings: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1936878X2100485X>
15. Recurrence of acute myocarditis temporally associated with receipt of coronavirus mRNA disease vaccine 2019 (COVID-19) in a male adolescent: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S002234762100617X>
16. Fulminant myocarditis and systemic hyper inflammation temporally associated with BNT162b2 COVID-19 mRNA vaccination in two patients: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0167527321012286>.
17. Acute myocarditis after administration of BNT162b2 vaccine: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2214250921001530>
18. Lymphohistocytic myocarditis after vaccination with COVID-19 Ad26.COV2.S viral vector: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2352906721001573>
19. Myocarditis following vaccination with BNT162b2 in a healthy male: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0735675721005362>
20. Acute myocarditis after Comirnaty (Pfizer) vaccination in a healthy male with previous SARS-CoV-2 infection: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1930043321005549>
21. Acute myocarditis after vaccination with SARS-CoV-2 mRNA-1273 mRNA: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2589790X21001931>
22. Acute myocarditis after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination in a 24-year-old man: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0870255121003243>
23. A series of patients with myocarditis after vaccination against SARS-CoV-2 with mRNA-1279 and BNT162b2: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1936878X21004861>
24. COVID-19 mRNA vaccination and myocarditis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34268277/>
25. COVID-19 vaccine and myocarditis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34399967/>
26. Epidemiology and clinical features of myocarditis/pericarditis before the introduction of COVID-19 mRNA vaccine in Korean children: a multicenter study <https://search.bvsalud.org/global-literature-on-novel-coronavirus-2019-ncov/resource/en/covidwho-1360706>.
27. COVID-19 vaccines and myocarditis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34246566/>
28. Myocarditis and other cardiovascular complications of COVID-19 mRNA-based COVID-19 vaccines <https://www.cureus.com/articles/61030-myocarditis-and-other-cardiovascular-complications-of-the-mrna-based-covid-19-vaccines>
29. Myocarditis and other cardiovascular complications of COVID-19 mRNA-based COVID-19 vaccines <https://www.cureus.com/articles/61030-myocarditis-and-other-cardiovascular-complications-of-the-mrna-based-covid-19-vaccines>
30. Myocarditis, pericarditis, and cardiomyopathy after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34340927/>
31. Myocarditis with covid-19 mRNA vaccines: <https://www.ahajournals.org/doi/10.1161/CIRCULATIONAHA.121.056135>

32. Association of myocarditis with COVID-19 mRNA vaccine in children: <https://media.jamanetwork.com/news-item/association-of-myocarditis-with-mrna-co-vid-19-vaccine-in-children/>
33. Association of myocarditis with COVID-19 messenger RNA vaccine BNT162b2 in a case series of children: <https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jamacardiology/fullarticle/2783052>
34. Myocarditis after immunization with COVID-19 mRNA vaccines in members of the U.S. military: <https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jamacardiology/fullarticle/2781601%5C>
35. Myocarditis occurring after immunization with COVID-19 mRNA-based COVID-19 vaccines: <https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jamacardiology/fullarticle/2781600>
36. Myocarditis following immunization with Covid-19 mRNA: <https://www.nejm.org/doi/full/10.1056/NEJMc2109975>
37. Patients with acute myocarditis after vaccination with COVID-19 mRNA: <https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jamacardiology/fullarticle/2781602>
38. Myocarditis associated with vaccination with COVID-19 mRNA: <https://pubs.rsna.org/doi/10.1148/radiol.2021211430>
39. Symptomatic Acute Myocarditis in 7 Adolescents after Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccination: <https://pediatrics.aappublications.org/content/148/3/e2021052478>
40. Cardiovascular magnetic resonance imaging findings in young adult patients with acute myocarditis after COVID-19 mRNA vaccination: a case series: <https://jcmr-online.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/s12968-021-00795-4>
41. Clinical Guidance for Young People with Myocarditis and Pericarditis after Vaccination with COVID-19 mRNA: <https://www.cps.ca/en/documents/position/clinical-guidance-for-youth-with-myocarditis-and-pericarditis>
42. Cardiac imaging of acute myocarditis after vaccination with COVID-19 mRNA: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34402228/>
43. Case report: acute myocarditis after second dose of mRNA-1273 SARS-CoV-2 mRNA vaccine: <https://academic.oup.com/ehjcr/article/5/8/ytac319/6339567>
44. Myocarditis / pericarditis associated with COVID-19 vaccine: https://science.gc.ca/eic/site/063.nsf/eng/h_98291.html
45. The new COVID-19 mRNA vaccine platform and myocarditis: clues to the possible underlying mechanism: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34312010/>
46. Myocarditis associated with COVID-19 vaccination: echocardiographic, cardiac tomography, and magnetic resonance imaging findings: <https://www.ahajournals.org/doi/10.1161/CIRCIMAGING.121.013236>
47. In-depth evaluation of a case of presumed myocarditis after the second dose of COVID-19 mRNA vaccine: <https://www.ahajournals.org/doi/10.1161/CIRCULATIONAHA.121.056038>
48. Occurrence of acute infarct-like myocarditis after COVID-19 vaccination: just an accidental coincidence or rather a vaccination-associated autoimmune myocarditis?: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34333695/>

49. Recurrence of acute myocarditis temporally associated with receipt of coronavirus mRNA disease vaccine 2019 (COVID-19) in a male adolescent: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC8216855/>
50. Myocarditis after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: a vaccine-induced reaction?: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34118375/>
51. Self-limited myocarditis presenting with chest pain and ST-segment elevation in adolescents after vaccination with the BNT162b2 mRNA vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34180390/>
52. Biopsy-proven lymphocytic myocarditis after first COVID-19 mRNA vaccination in a 40-year-old man: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34487236/>
53. Myocarditis and other cardiovascular complications of mRNA-based COVID-19 vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34277198/>
54. Case report: acute myocarditis after second dose of SARS-CoV-2 mRNA-1273 vaccine mRNA-1273: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34514306/>
55. Acute myocardial infarction within 24 hours after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34364657/>.
56. fulminant myocarditis and systemic hyperinflammation temporally associated with BNT162b2 COVID-19 mRNA vaccination in two patients: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34416319/>.
57. Lymphohistocytic myocarditis after vaccination with the COVID-19 viral vector Ad26.COV2.S: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34514078/>
58. Myocarditis associated with SARS-CoV-2 mRNA vaccination in children aged 12 to 17 years: stratified analysis of a national database: <https://www.medrxiv.org/content/10.1101/2021.08.30.21262866v1>
59. A report of myocarditis adverse events in the U.S. Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System. (VAERS) in association with COVID-19 injectable biologics: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34601006/>
60. This study concludes that: "The vaccine was associated with an excess risk of myocarditis (1 to 5 events per 100,000 persons). The risk of this potentially serious adverse event and of many other serious adverse events increased substantially after SARS-CoV-2 infection": <https://www.nejm.org/doi/full/10.1056/NEJMoa2110475>
61. Myocarditis associated with SARS-CoV-2 mRNA vaccination in children aged 12 to 17 years: stratified analysis of a national database: <https://www.medrxiv.org/content/10.1101/2021.08.30.21262866v1>.
62. Epidemiology of acute myocarditis/pericarditis in Hong Kong adolescents after co-vaccination: <https://academic.oup.com/cid/advance-article-abstract/doi/10.1093/cid/ciab989/6445179>.
63. Myocarditis after 2019 coronavirus disease mRNA vaccine: a case series and determination of incidence rate: <https://academic.oup.com/cid/advance-article/doi/10.1093/cid/ciab926/6420408>
64. Myocarditis and pericarditis after COVID-19 vaccination: inequalities in age and vaccine types: <https://www.mdpi.com/2075-4426/11/11/1106>
65. Epidemiology and clinical features of myocarditis/pericarditis before the introduction of COVID-19 mRNA vaccine in Korean children: a multicenter study: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34402230/>

66. Shedding light on post-vaccination myocarditis and pericarditis in COVID-19 and non-COVID-19 vaccine recipients: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34696294/>
67. Myocarditis Following mRNA COVID-19 Vaccine: https://journals.lww.com/pec-online/Abstract/2021/11000/Myocarditis_Following_mRNA_COVID_19_Vaccine.9.aspx.
68. Myocarditis following BNT162b2 mRNA Covid-19 mRNA vaccine in Israel: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34614328/>.
69. Myocarditis, pericarditis, and cardiomyopathy following COVID-19 vaccination: [https://www.heartlungcirc.org/article/S1443-9506\(21\)01156-2/fulltext](https://www.heartlungcirc.org/article/S1443-9506(21)01156-2/fulltext)
70. Myocarditis and other cardiovascular complications of COVID-19 mRNA-based COVID-19 vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34277198/>
71. Possible Association Between COVID-19 Vaccine and Myocarditis: Clinical and CMR Findings: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34246586/>
72. Hypersensitivity Myocarditis and COVID-19 Vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34856634/>.
73. Severe myocarditis associated with COVID-19 vaccine: zebra or unicorn?: [https://www.internationaljournalofcardiology.com/article/S0167-5273\(21\)01477-7/fulltext](https://www.internationaljournalofcardiology.com/article/S0167-5273(21)01477-7/fulltext).
74. Acute myocardial infarction and myocarditis after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/labs/pmc/articles/PMC8522388/>
75. Myocarditis after Covid-19 vaccination in a large healthcare organization: <https://www.nejm.org/doi/10.1056/NEJMoa2110737>
76. Association of myocarditis with COVID-19 messenger RNA BNT162b2 vaccine in a case series of children: <https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jamacardiology/fullarticle/2783052>
77. Clinical suspicion of myocarditis temporally related to COVID-19 vaccination in adolescents and young adults: https://www.ahajournals.org/doi/abs/10.1161/CIRCULATIONAHA.121.056583?url_ver=Z39.88-2003&rfr_id=ori:rid:crossref.org&rfr_dat=cr_pub%20%200pubmed
78. STEMI mimicry: focal myocarditis in an adolescent patient after COVID-19 mRNA vaccination.: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34756746/>
79. Myocarditis and pericarditis in association with COVID-19 mRNA vaccination: cases from a regional pharmacovigilance center: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/labs/pmc/articles/PMC8587334/>
80. Myocarditis after COVID-19 mRNA vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34546329/>.
81. Patients with acute myocarditis after COVID-19 mRNA vaccination.: <https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jamacardiology/fullarticle/2781602>.
82. Myocarditis after COVID-19 vaccination: a case series: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0264410X21011725?via%3Dihub>.
83. Myocarditis associated with COVID-19 vaccination in adolescents: <https://publications.aap.org/pediatrics/article/148/5/e2021053427/181357>
84. Myocarditis findings on cardiac magnetic resonance imaging after vaccination with COVID-19 mRNA in adolescents.: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34704459/>
85. Myocarditis after COVID-19 vaccination: magnetic resonance imaging study: <https://academic.oup.com/ehjcmimaging/advance-article/doi/10.1093/ehjci/jeab230/6421640>.

86. Acute myocarditis after administration of the second dose of BNT162b2 COVID-19 vaccine: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/labs/pmc/articles/PMC8599115/>
87. Myocarditis after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2352906721001603>
88. Case report: probable myocarditis after Covid-19 mRNA vaccine in a patient with arrhythmogenic left ventricular cardiomyopathy: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34712717/>.
89. Acute myocarditis after administration of BNT162b2 vaccine against COVID-19: <https://www.revespcardiol.org/en-linkresolver-acute-myocarditis-after-administration-bnt162b2-S188558572100133X>.
90. Myocarditis associated with COVID-19 mRNA vaccination: <https://pubs.rsna.org/doi/10.1148/radiol.2021211430>
91. Acute myocarditis after COVID-19 vaccination: a case report: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0248866321007098>
92. Acute myopericarditis after COVID-19 vaccination in adolescents: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34589238/>.
93. Perimyocarditis in adolescents after Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccination: <https://academic.oup.com/jpids/article/10/10/962/6329543>.
94. Acute myocarditis associated with anti-COVID-19 vaccination: <https://ecevr.org/DOIx.php?id=10.7774/cevr.2021.10.2.196>.
95. Myocarditis associated with COVID-19 vaccination: echocardiographic, cardiac CT, and MRI findings: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34428917/>.
96. Acute symptomatic myocarditis in 7 adolescents after Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34088762/>.
97. Myocarditis and pericarditis in adolescents after first and second doses of COVID-19 mRNA vaccines: <https://academic.oup.com/ehjqcco/advance-article/doi/10.1093/ehjqcco/qcab090/6442104>.
98. COVID 19 vaccine for adolescents. Concern for myocarditis and pericarditis: <https://www.mdpi.com/2036-7503/13/3/61>.
99. Cardiac imaging of acute myocarditis after vaccination with COVID-19 mRNA: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34402228/>
100. Myocarditis temporally associated with COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34133885/>
101. Acute myocarditis associated with COVID-19 vaccination: report of a case: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/labs/pmc/articles/PMC8639400/>
102. Myocarditis following vaccination with COVID-19 messenger RNA: a Japanese case series: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34840235/>.
103. Myocarditis in the setting of a recent COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34712497/>.
104. Acute myocarditis after a second dose of COVID-19 mRNA vaccine: report of two cases: [https://www.clinicalimaging.org/article/S0899-7071\(21\)00265-5/fulltext](https://www.clinicalimaging.org/article/S0899-7071(21)00265-5/fulltext).
105. Prevalence of thrombocytopenia, antiplatelet factor 4 antibodies, and elevated D-dimer in Thais after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34568726/>

106. Epidemiology of acute myocarditis/pericarditis in Hong Kong adolescents after co-vaccination: <https://academic.oup.com/cid/advance-article-abstract/doi/10.1093/cid/ciab989/6445179>
107. Myocarditis after 2019 coronavirus disease mRNA vaccine: a case series and incidence rate determination: <https://academic.oup.com/cid/advance-article/doi/10.1093/cid/ciab926/6420408>.
108. Myocarditis and pericarditis after COVID-19 vaccination: inequalities in age and vaccine types: <https://www.mdpi.com/2075-4426/11/11/1106>
109. Epidemiology and clinical features of myocarditis/pericarditis before the introduction of COVID-19 mRNA vaccine in Korean children: a multicenter study: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34402230/>
110. Shedding light on post-vaccination myocarditis and pericarditis in COVID-19 and non-COVID-19 vaccine recipients: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34696294/>
111. Epidemiology of acute myocarditis/pericarditis in Hong Kong adolescents after co-vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34849657/>.
112. Myocarditis-induced sudden death after BNT162b2 COVID-19 mRNA vaccination in Korea: case report focusing on histopathological findings: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34664804/>
113. Acute myocarditis after vaccination with COVID-19 mRNA in adults aged 18 years or older: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34605853/>
114. Recurrence of acute myocarditis temporally associated with receipt of the 2019 coronavirus mRNA disease vaccine (COVID-19) in an adolescent male: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34166671/>
115. Young male with myocarditis after mRNA-1273 coronavirus disease-2019 (COVID-19) mRNA vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34744118/>
116. Acute myocarditis after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination in a 24-year-old male: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34334935/>.
117. Ga-DOTATOC digital PET images of inflammatory cell infiltrates in myocarditis after vaccination with COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34746968/>
118. Occurrence of acute infarct-like myocarditis after vaccination with COVID-19: just an accidental coincidence or rather a vaccination-associated autoimmune myocarditis?": <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34333695/>.
119. Self-limited myocarditis presenting with chest pain and ST-segment elevation in adolescents after vaccination with BNT162b2 mRNA vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34180390/>
120. Myocarditis Following Immunization with COVID-19 mRNA Vaccines in Members of the U.S. Military: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34185045/>
121. Myocarditis after BNT162b2 vaccination in a healthy male: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34229940/>
122. Acute myocarditis after SARS-CoV-2 mRNA-1273 mRNA vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34308326/>.
123. Biopsy-proven lymphocytic myocarditis after first vaccination with COVID-19 mRNA in a 40-year-old man: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34487236/>

124. Multimodality imaging and histopathology in a young man presenting with fulminant lymphocytic myocarditis and cardiogenic shock after vaccination with mRNA-1273: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34848416/>
125. Acute myocarditis after Comirnaty vaccination in a healthy male with previous SARS-CoV-2 infection: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34367386/>
126. Acute myocarditis in a young adult two days after vaccination with Pfizer: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34709227/>
127. Case report: acute fulminant myocarditis and cardiogenic shock after messenger RNA coronavirus vaccination in 2019 requiring extracorporeal cardiopulmonary resuscitation: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34778411/>
128. Acute myocarditis after 2019 coronavirus disease vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34734821/>
129. A series of patients with myocarditis after vaccination against SARS-CoV-2 with mRNA-1279 and BNT162b2: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34246585/>
130. Acute myocarditis defined after vaccination with 2019 mRNA of coronavirus disease: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34866122/>
131. Biventricular systolic dysfunction in acute myocarditis after SARS-CoV-2 mRNA-1273 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34601566/>
132. Myocarditis following COVID-19 vaccination: MRI study: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34739045/>
133. Acute myocarditis after COVID-19 vaccination: case report: https://docs.google.com/document/d/1Hc4bh_qNbZ7UVm5BLxkRdMPnnI9zcCsl/e
134. Association of myocarditis with COVID-19 messenger RNA BNT162b2 vaccine COVID-19 in a case series of children: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34374740/>
135. Clinical suspicion of myocarditis temporally related to COVID-19 vaccination in adolescents and young adults: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34865500/>
136. Myocarditis following vaccination with Covid-19 in a large healthcare organization: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34614329/>
137. Myocarditis and pericarditis in adolescents after the first and second doses of COVID-19 mRNA vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34849667/>
138. Myocarditis after SARS-CoV-2 mRNA vaccination, a case series: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34396358/>
139. Epidemiology of myocarditis and pericarditis following mRNA vaccines in Ontario, Canada: by vaccine product, schedule, and interval: <https://www.medrxiv.org/content/10.1101/2021.12.02.21267156v1>
140. Acute myocardial infarction and myocarditis after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34586408/>
141. Abbate, A., Gavin, J., Madanchi, N., Kim, C., Shah, P. R., Klein, K., . . . Danielides, S. (2021). Fulminant myocarditis and systemic hyperinflammation temporally associated with BNT162b2 mRNA COVID-19 vaccination in two patients. *Int J Cardiol*, 340, 119-121. doi:10.1016/j.ijcard.2021.08.018. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34416319>
142. Abu Mouch, S., Roguin, A., Hellou, E., Ishai, A., Shoshan, U., Mahamid, L., . . . Berar Yanay, N. (2021). Myocarditis following COVID-19 mRNA vaccination. *Vaccine*,

- 39(29), 3790-3793. doi:10.1016/j.vaccine.2021.05.087. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34092429>
143. Albert, E., Aurigemma, G., Saucedo, J., & Gerson, D. S. (2021). Myocarditis following COVID-19 vaccination. *Radiol Case Rep*, 16(8), 2142-2145. doi:10.1016/j.radcr.2021.05.033. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34025885>
144. Aye, Y. N., Mai, A. S., Zhang, A., Lim, O. Z. H., Lin, N., Ng, C. H., . . . Chew, N. W. S. (2021). Acute Myocardial Infarction and Myocarditis following COVID-19 Vaccination. *QJM*. doi:10.1093/qjmed/hcab252. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34586408>
145. Azir, M., Inman, B., Webb, J., & Tannenbaum, L. (2021). STEMI Mimic: Focal Myocarditis in an Adolescent Patient After mRNA COVID-19 Vaccine. *J Emerg Med*, 61(6), e129-e132. doi:10.1016/j.jemermed.2021.09.017. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34756746>
146. Bozkurt, B., Kamat, I., & Hotez, P. J. (2021). Myocarditis With COVID-19 mRNA Vaccines. *Circulation*, 144(6), 471-484. doi:10.1161/CIRCULATIONAHA.121.056135. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34281357>
147. Calcaterra, G., Mehta, J. L., de Gregorio, C., Butera, G., Neroni, P., Fanos, V., & Bassareo, P. P. (2021). COVID 19 Vaccine for Adolescents. Concern about Myocarditis and Pericarditis. *Pediatr Rep*, 13(3), 530-533. doi:10.3390/pediatric13030061. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34564344>
148. Chamling, B., Vehof, V., Drakos, S., Weil, M., Stalling, P., Vahlhaus, C., . . . Yilmaz, A. (2021). Occurrence of acute infarct-like myocarditis following COVID-19 vaccination: just an accidental co-incidence or rather vaccination-associated autoimmune myocarditis? *Clin Res Cardiol*, 110(11), 1850-1854. doi:10.1007/s00392-021-01916-w. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34333695>
149. Chelala, L., Jeudy, J., Hossain, R., Rosenthal, G., Pietris, N., & White, C. (2021). Cardiac MRI Findings of Myocarditis After COVID-19 mRNA Vaccination in Adolescents. *AJR Am J Roentgenol*. doi:10.2214/AJR.21.26853. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34704459>
150. Choi, S., Lee, S., Seo, J. W., Kim, M. J., Jeon, Y. H., Park, J. H., . . . Yeo, N. S. (2021). Myocarditis-induced Sudden Death after BNT162b2 mRNA COVID-19 Vaccination in Korea: Case Report Focusing on Histopathological Findings. *J Korean Med Sci*, 36(40), e286. doi:10.3346/jkms.2021.36.e286. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34664804>
151. Chua, G. T., Kwan, M. Y. W., Chui, C. S. L., Smith, R. D., Cheung, E. C., Tian, T., . . . Ip, P. (2021). Epidemiology of Acute Myocarditis/Pericarditis in Hong Kong Adolescents Following Comirnaty Vaccination. *Clin Infect Dis*. doi:10.1093/cid/ciab989. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34849657>
152. Clarke, R., & Ioannou, A. (2021). Should T2 mapping be used in cases of recurrent myocarditis to differentiate between the acute inflammation and chronic scar? *J Pediatr*. doi:10.1016/j.jpeds.2021.12.026. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34933012>
153. Das, B. B., Moskowitz, W. B., Taylor, M. B., & Palmer, A. (2021). Myocarditis and Pericarditis Following mRNA COVID-19 Vaccination: What Do We Know So Far? *Children (Basel)*, 8(7). doi:10.3390/children8070607. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34356586>

154. Dickey, J. B., Albert, E., Badr, M., Laraja, K. M., Sena, L. M., Gerson, D. S., . . . Aurigemma, G. P. (2021). A Series of Patients With Myocarditis Following SARS-CoV-2 Vaccination With mRNA-1279 and BNT162b2. *JACC Cardiovasc Imaging*, 14(9), 1862-1863. doi:10.1016/j.jcmg.2021.06.003. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34246585>
155. Ehrlich, P., Klingel, K., Ohlmann-Knafo, S., Huttinger, S., Sood, N., Pickuth, D., & Kindermann, M. (2021). Biopsy-proven lymphocytic myocarditis following first mRNA COVID-19 vaccination in a 40-year-old male: case report. *Clin Res Cardiol*, 110(11), 1855-1859. doi:10.1007/s00392-021-01936-6. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34487236>
156. Facetti, S., Giraldi, M., Vecchi, A. L., Rogiani, S., & Nassiacos, D. (2021). [Acute myocarditis in a young adult two days after Pfizer vaccination]. *G Ital Cardiol (Rome)*, 22(11), 891-893. doi:10.1714/3689.36746. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34709227>
157. Foltran, D., Delmas, C., Flumian, C., De Paoli, P., Salvo, F., Gautier, S., . . . Montastruc, F. (2021). Myocarditis and Pericarditis in Adolescents after First and Second doses of mRNA COVID-19 Vaccines. *Eur Heart J Qual Care Clin Outcomes*. doi:10.1093/ehjqcco/qcab090. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34849667>
158. Gargano, J. W., Wallace, M., Hadler, S. C., Langley, G., Su, J. R., Oster, M. E., . . . Oliver, S. E. (2021). Use of mRNA COVID-19 Vaccine After Reports of Myocarditis Among Vaccine Recipients: Update from the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices – United States, June 2021. *MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep*, 70(27), 977-982. doi:10.15585/mmwr.mm7027e2. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34237049>
159. Gautam, N., Saluja, P., Fudim, M., Jambhekar, K., Pandey, T., & Al'Aref, S. (2021). A Late Presentation of COVID-19 Vaccine-Induced Myocarditis. *Cureus*, 13(9), e17890. doi:10.7759/cureus.17890. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34660088>
160. Gellad, W. F. (2021). Myocarditis after vaccination against covid-19. *BMJ*, 375, n3090. doi:10.1136/bmj.n3090. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34916217>
161. In brief: Myocarditis with the Pfizer/BioNTech and Moderna COVID-19 vaccines. (2021). *Med Lett Drugs Ther*, 63(1629), e9. Retrieved from <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34544112><https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/3454412>
162. Ioannou, A. (2021a). Myocarditis should be considered in those with a troponin rise and unobstructed coronary arteries following Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccination. *QJM*. doi:10.1093/qjmed/hcab231. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34463755>
163. Ioannou, A. (2021b). T2 mapping should be utilised in cases of suspected myocarditis to confirm an acute inflammatory process. *QJM*. doi:10.1093/qjmed/hcab326. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34931681>
164. Isaak, A., Feisst, A., & Luetkens, J. A. (2021). Myocarditis Following COVID-19 Vaccination. *Radiology*, 301(1), E378-E379. doi:10.1148/radiol.2021211766. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34342500>
165. Istampoulouoglou, I., Dimitriou, G., Spani, S., Christ, A., Zimmermanns, B., Koechlin, S., . . . Leuppi-Taegtmeyer, A. B. (2021). Myocarditis and pericarditis in association with COVID-19 mRNA-vaccination: cases from a regional

- pharmacovigilance centre. *Glob Cardiol Sci Pract*, 2021(3), e202118. doi:10.21542/gcsp.2021.18. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34805376>
- 166.Jain, S. S., Steele, J. M., Fonseca, B., Huang, S., Shah, S., Maskatia, S. A., . . . Grosse-Wortmann, L. (2021). COVID-19 Vaccination-Associated Myocarditis in Adolescents. *Pediatrics*, 148(5). doi:10.1542/peds.2021-053427. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34389692>
- 167.Kaneta, K., Yokoi, K., Jojima, K., Kotooka, N., & Node, K. (2021). Young Male With Myocarditis Following mRNA-1273 Vaccination Against Coronavirus Disease-2019 (COVID-19). *Circ J*. doi:10.1253/circj.CJ-21-0818. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34744118>
- 168.Kaul, R., Sreenivasan, J., Goel, A., Malik, A., Bandyopadhyay, D., Jin, C., . . . Panza, J. A. (2021). Myocarditis following COVID-19 vaccination. *Int J Cardiol Heart Vasc*, 36, 100872. doi:10.1016/j.ijcha.2021.100872. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34568540>
- 169.Kim, H. W., Jenista, E. R., Wendell, D. C., Azevedo, C. F., Campbell, M. J., Darty, S. N., . . . Kim, R. J. (2021). Patients With Acute Myocarditis Following mRNA COVID-19 Vaccination. *JAMA Cardiol*, 6(10), 1196-1201. doi:10.1001/jamacardio.2021.2828. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34185046>
- 170.Kim, I. C., Kim, H., Lee, H. J., Kim, J. Y., & Kim, J. Y. (2021). Cardiac Imaging of Acute Myocarditis Following COVID-19 mRNA Vaccination. *J Korean Med Sci*, 36(32), e229. doi:10.3346/jkms.2021.36.e229. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34402228>
- 171.King, W. W., Petersen, M. R., Matar, R. M., Budweg, J. B., Cuervo Pardo, L., & Petersen, J. W. (2021). Myocarditis following mRNA vaccination against SARS-CoV-2, a case series. *Am Heart J Plus*, 8, 100042. doi:10.1016/j.ahjo.2021.100042. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34396358>
- 172.Kwan, M. Y. W., Chua, G. T., Chow, C. B., Tsao, S. S. L., To, K. K. W., Yuen, K. Y., . . . Ip, P. (2021). mRNA COVID vaccine and myocarditis in adolescents. *Hong Kong Med J*, 27(5), 326-327. doi:10.12809/hkmj215120. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34393110>
- 173.Lee, E., Chew, N. W. S., Ng, P., & Yeo, T. J. (2021). Reply to “Letter to the editor: Myocarditis should be considered in those with a troponin rise and unobstructed coronary arteries following PfizerBioNTech COVID-19 vaccination”. *QJM*. doi: 10.1093/qjmed/hcab232. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34463770>
- 174.Levin, D., Shimon, G., Fadlon-Derai, M., Gershovitz, L., Shovali, A., Sebbag, A., . . . Gordon, B. (2021). Myocarditis following COVID-19 vaccination – A case series. *Vaccine*, 39(42), 6195-6200. doi:10.1016/j.vaccine.2021.09.004. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34535317>
- 175.Li, M., Yuan, J., Lv, G., Brown, J., Jiang, X., & Lu, Z. K. (2021). Myocarditis and Pericarditis following COVID-19 Vaccination: Inequalities in Age and Vaccine Types. *J Pers Med*, 11(11). doi:10.3390/jpm11111106. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34834458>
- 176.Lim, Y., Kim, M. C., Kim, K. H., Jeong, I. S., Cho, Y. S., Choi, Y. D., & Lee, J. E. (2021). Case Report: Acute Fulminant Myocarditis and Cardiogenic Shock After Messenger RNA Coronavirus Disease 2019 Vaccination Requiring Extracorporeal

Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation. *Front Cardiovasc Med*, 8, 758996. doi:10.3389/fcvm.2021.758996. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34778411>

177. Luk, A., Clarke, B., Dahdah, N., Ducharme, A., Krahn, A., McCrindle, B., . . . McDonald, M. (2021). Myocarditis and Pericarditis After COVID-19 mRNA Vaccination: Practical Considerations for Care Providers. *Can J Cardiol*, 37(10), 1629-1634. doi:10.1016/j.cjca.2021.08.001. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34375696>
178. Mevorach, D., Anis, E., Cedar, N., Bromberg, M., Haas, E. J., Nadir, E., . . . Alroy-Preis, S. (2021). Myocarditis after BNT162b2 mRNA Vaccine against Covid-19 in Israel. *N Engl J Med*, 385(23), 2140-2149. doi:10.1056/NEJMoa2109730. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34614328>
179. Minocha, P. K., Better, D., Singh, R. K., & Hoque, T. (2021). Recurrence of Acute Myocarditis Temporally Associated with Receipt of the mRNA Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Vaccine in a Male Adolescent. *J Pediatr*, 238, 321-323. doi:10.1016/j.jpeds.2021.06.035. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34166671>
180. Montgomery, J., Ryan, M., Engler, R., Hoffman, D., McClenathan, B., Collins, L., . . . Cooper, L. T., Jr. (2021). Myocarditis Following Immunization With mRNA COVID-19 Vaccines in Members of the US Military. *JAMA Cardiol*, 6(10), 1202-1206. doi:10.1001/jamacardio.2021.2833. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34185045>
181. Murakami, Y., Shinohara, M., Oka, Y., Wada, R., Noike, R., Ohara, H., . . . Ikeda, T. (2021). Myocarditis Following a COVID-19 Messenger RNA Vaccination: A Japanese Case Series. *Intern Med*. doi:10.2169/internalmedicine.8731-21. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34840235>
182. Nagasaka, T., Koitabashi, N., Ishibashi, Y., Aihara, K., Takama, N., Ohyama, Y., . . . Kaneko, Y. (2021). Acute Myocarditis Associated with COVID-19 Vaccination: A Case Report. *J Cardiol Cases*. doi:10.1016/j.jccase.2021.11.006. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34876937>
183. Park, H., Yun, K. W., Kim, K. R., Song, S. H., Ahn, B., Kim, D. R., . . . Kim, Y. J. (2021). Epidemiology and Clinical Features of Myocarditis/Pericarditis before the Introduction of mRNA COVID-19 Vaccine in Korean Children: a Multicenter Study. *J Korean Med Sci*, 36(32), e232. doi:10.3346/jkms.2021.36.e232. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34402230>
184. Park, J., Brekke, D. R., & Bratincsak, A. (2021). Self-limited myocarditis presenting with chest pain and ST segment elevation in adolescents after vaccination with the BNT162b2 mRNA vaccine. *Cardiol Young*, 1-4. doi:10.1017/S1047951121002547. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34180390>
185. Patel, Y. R., Louis, D. W., Atalay, M., Agarwal, S., & Shah, N. R. (2021). Cardiovascular magnetic resonance findings in young adult patients with acute myocarditis following mRNA COVID-19 vaccination: a case series. *J Cardiovasc Magn Reson*, 23(1), 101. doi:10.1186/s12968-021-00795-4. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34496880>
186. Patone, M., Mei, X. W., Handunnetthi, L., Dixon, S., Zaccardi, F., Shankar-Hari, M., . . . Hippisley-Cox, J. (2021). Risks of myocarditis, pericarditis, and cardiac arrhythmias associated with COVID-19 vaccination or SARS-CoV-2 infection. *Nat Med*. doi:10.1038/s41591-021-01630-0. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34907393>

187. Patrignani, A., Schicchi, N., Calcagnoli, F., Falchetti, E., Ciampani, N., Argalia, G., & Mariani, A. (2021). Acute myocarditis following Comirnaty vaccination in a healthy man with previous SARS-CoV-2 infection. *Radiol Case Rep*, 16(11), 3321-3325. doi: 10.1016/j.radcr.2021.07.082. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34367386>
188. Perez, Y., Levy, E. R., Joshi, A. Y., Virk, A., Rodriguez-Porcel, M., Johnson, M., . . . Swift, M. D. (2021). Myocarditis Following COVID-19 mRNA Vaccine: A Case Series and Incidence Rate Determination. *Clin Infect Dis*. doi:10.1093/cid/ciab926. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34734240>
189. Shiyovich, A., Witberg, G., Aviv, Y., Eisen, A., Orvin, K., Wiessman, M., . . . Hamdan, A. (2021). Myocarditis following COVID-19 vaccination: magnetic resonance imaging study. *Eur Heart J Cardiovasc Imaging*. doi:10.1093/ehjci/jeab230. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34739045>
190. Simone, A., Herald, J., Chen, A., Gulati, N., Shen, A. Y., Lewin, B., & Lee, M. S. (2021). Acute Myocarditis Following COVID-19 mRNA Vaccination in Adults Aged 18 Years or Older. *JAMA Intern Med*, 181(12), 1668-1670. doi:10.1001/jamainternmed.2021.5511. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34605853>
191. Singer, M. E., Taub, I. B., & Kaelber, D. C. (2021). Risk of Myocarditis from COVID-19 Infection in People Under Age 20: A Population-Based Analysis. medRxiv. doi:10.1101/2021.07.23.21260998. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34341797>
192. Starekova, J., Bluemke, D. A., Bradham, W. S., Grist, T. M., Schiebler, M. L., & Reeder, S. B. (2021). Myocarditis Associated with mRNA COVID-19 Vaccination. *Radiology*, 301(2), E409-E411. doi:10.1148/radiol.2021211430. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34282971>
193. Sulemankhil, I., Abdelrahman, M., & Negi, S. I. (2021). Temporal association between the COVID-19 Ad26.COV2.S vaccine and acute myocarditis: A case report and literature review. *Cardiovasc Revasc Med*. doi:10.1016/j.carrev.2021.08.012. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34420869>
194. Tailor, P. D., Feighery, A. M., El-Sabawi, B., & Prasad, A. (2021). Case report: acute myocarditis following the second dose of mRNA-1273 SARS-CoV-2 vaccine. *Eur Heart J Case Rep*, 5(8), ytab319. doi:10.1093/ehjcr/ytab319. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34514306>
195. Takeda, M., Ishio, N., Shoji, T., Mori, N., Matsumoto, M., & Shikama, N. (2021). Eosinophilic Myocarditis Following Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Vaccination. *Circ J*. doi:10.1253/circj.CJ-21-0935. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34955479>
196. Truong, D. T., Dionne, A., Muniz, J. C., McHugh, K. E., Portman, M. A., Lambert, L. M., . . . Newburger, J. W. (2021). Clinically Suspected Myocarditis Temporally Related to COVID-19 Vaccination in Adolescents and Young Adults. *Circulation*. doi: 10.1161/CIRCULATIONAHA.121.056583. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34865500>
197. Vidula, M. K., Ambrose, M., Glassberg, H., Chokshi, N., Chen, T., Ferrari, V. A., & Han, Y. (2021). Myocarditis and Other Cardiovascular Complications of the mRNA-Based COVID-19 Vaccines. *Cureus*, 13(6), e15576. doi:10.7759/cureus.15576. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34277198>

- 198.Visclosky, T., Theyyanni, N., Klekowski, N., & Bradin, S. (2021). Myocarditis Following mRNA COVID-19 Vaccine. *Pediatr Emerg Care*, 37(11), 583-584. doi: 10.1097/PEC.0000000000002557. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34731877>
- 199.Watkins, K., Griffin, G., Septaric, K., & Simon, E. L. (2021). Myocarditis after BNT162b2 vaccination in a healthy male. *Am J Emerg Med*, 50, 815 e811-815 e812. doi:10.1016/j.ajem.2021.06.051. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34229940>
- 200.Witberg, G., Barda, N., Hoss, S., Richter, I., Wiessman, M., Aviv, Y., . . . Kornowski, R. (2021). Myocarditis after Covid-19 Vaccination in a Large Health Care Organization. *N Engl J Med*, 385(23), 2132-2139. doi:10.1056/NEJMoa2110737. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34614329>
- 201.In brief: Myocarditis with the Pfizer/BioNTech and Moderna COVID-19 vaccines. (2021). *Med Lett Drugs Ther*, 63(1629), e9. Retrieved from <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34544112><https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/3454412>
- 202.Ioannou, A. (2021a). Myocarditis should be considered in those with a troponin rise and unobstructed coronary arteries following Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccination. *QJM*. doi:10.1093/qjmed/hcab231. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34463755>
- 203.Isaak, A., Feisst, A., & Luetkens, J. A. (2021). Myocarditis Following COVID-19 Vaccination. *Radiology*, 301(1), E378-E379. doi:10.1148/radiol.2021211766. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34342500>
- 204.Istampoulouoglou, I., Dimitriou, G., Spani, S., Christ, A., Zimmermanns, B., Koechlin, S., . . . Leuppi-Taegtmeyer, A. B. (2021). Myocarditis and pericarditis in association with COVID-19 mRNA-vaccination: cases from a regional pharmacovigilance centre. *Glob Cardiol Sci Pract*, 2021(3), e202118. doi:10.21542/gcsp.2021.18. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34805376>
- 205.Jain, S. S., Steele, J. M., Fonseca, B., Huang, S., Shah, S., Maskatia, S. A., . . . Grosse-Wortmann, L. (2021). COVID-19 Vaccination-Associated Myocarditis in Adolescents. *Pediatrics*, 148(5). doi:10.1542/peds.2021-053427. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34389692>
- 206.Kaneta, K., Yokoi, K., Jojima, K., Kotooka, N., & Node, K. (2021). Young Male With Myocarditis Following mRNA-1273 Vaccination Against Coronavirus Disease-2019 (COVID-19). *Circ J*. doi:10.1253/circj.CJ-21-0818. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34744118>
- 207.Kaul, R., Sreenivasan, J., Goel, A., Malik, A., Bandyopadhyay, D., Jin, C., . . . Panza, J. A. (2021). Myocarditis following COVID-19 vaccination. *Int J Cardiol Heart Vasc*, 36, 100872. doi:10.1016/j.ijcha.2021.100872. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34568540>
- 208.Kim, H. W., Jenista, E. R., Wendell, D. C., Azevedo, C. F., Campbell, M. J., Darty, S. N., . . . Kim, R. J. (2021). Patients With Acute Myocarditis Following mRNA COVID-19 Vaccination. *JAMA Cardiol*, 6(10), 1196-1201. doi:10.1001/jamacardio.2021.2828. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34185046>
- 209.Kim, I. C., Kim, H., Lee, H. J., Kim, J. Y., & Kim, J. Y. (2021). Cardiac Imaging of Acute Myocarditis Following COVID-19 mRNA Vaccination. *J Korean Med Sci*, 36(32), e229. doi:10.3346/jkms.2021.36.e229. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34402228>

210. King, W. W., Petersen, M. R., Matar, R. M., Budweg, J. B., Cuervo Pardo, L., & Petersen, J. W. (2021). Myocarditis following mRNA vaccination against SARS-CoV-2, a case series. *Am Heart J Plus*, 8, 100042. doi:10.1016/j.ahjo.2021.100042. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34396358>
211. Kwan, M. Y. W., Chua, G. T., Chow, C. B., Tsao, S. S. L., To, K. K. W., Yuen, K. Y., . . . Ip, P. (2021). mRNA COVID vaccine and myocarditis in adolescents. *Hong Kong Med J*, 27(5), 326-327. doi:10.12809/hkmj215120. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34393110>
212. Lee, E., Chew, N. W. S., Ng, P., & Yeo, T. J. (2021). Reply to “Letter to the editor: Myocarditis should be considered in those with a troponin rise and unobstructed coronary arteries following PfizerBioNTech COVID-19 vaccination”. *QJM*. doi: 10.1093/qjmed/hcab232. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34463770>
213. Levin, D., Shimon, G., Fadlon-Derai, M., Gershovitz, L., Shovali, A., Sebbag, A., . . . Gordon, B. (2021). Myocarditis following COVID-19 vaccination – A case series. *Vaccine*, 39(42), 6195-6200. doi:10.1016/j.vaccine.2021.09.004. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34535317>
214. Li, M., Yuan, J., Lv, G., Brown, J., Jiang, X., & Lu, Z. K. (2021). Myocarditis and Pericarditis following COVID-19 Vaccination: Inequalities in Age and Vaccine Types. *J Pers Med*, 11(11). doi:10.3390/jpm11111106. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34834458>
215. Lim, Y., Kim, M. C., Kim, K. H., Jeong, I. S., Cho, Y. S., Choi, Y. D., & Lee, J. E. (2021). Case Report: Acute Fulminant Myocarditis and Cardiogenic Shock After Messenger RNA Coronavirus Disease 2019 Vaccination Requiring Extracorporeal Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation. *Front Cardiovasc Med*, 8, 758996. doi:10.3389/fcvm.2021.758996. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34778411>
216. Luk, A., Clarke, B., Dahdah, N., Ducharme, A., Krahn, A., McCrindle, B., . . . McDonald, M. (2021). Myocarditis and Pericarditis After COVID-19 mRNA Vaccination: Practical Considerations for Care Providers. *Can J Cardiol*, 37(10), 1629-1634. doi:10.1016/j.cjca.2021.08.001. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34375696>
217. Mevorach, D., Anis, E., Cedar, N., Bromberg, M., Haas, E. J., Nadir, E., . . . Alroy-Preis, S. (2021). Myocarditis after BNT162b2 mRNA Vaccine against Covid-19 in Israel. *N Engl J Med*, 385(23), 2140-2149. doi:10.1056/NEJMoa2109730. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34614328>
218. Minocha, P. K., Better, D., Singh, R. K., & Hoque, T. (2021). Recurrence of Acute Myocarditis Temporally Associated with Receipt of the mRNA Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Vaccine in a Male Adolescent. *J Pediatr*, 238, 321-323. doi: 10.1016/j.jpeds.2021.06.035. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34166671>
219. Montgomery, J., Ryan, M., Engler, R., Hoffman, D., McClenathan, B., Collins, L., . . . Cooper, L. T., Jr. (2021). Myocarditis Following Immunization With mRNA COVID-19 Vaccines in Members of the US Military. *JAMA Cardiol*, 6(10), 1202-1206. doi: 10.1001/jamacardio.2021.2833. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34185045>
220. Murakami, Y., Shinohara, M., Oka, Y., Wada, R., Noike, R., Ohara, H., . . . Ikeda, T. (2021). Myocarditis Following a COVID-19 Messenger RNA Vaccination: A Japanese Case Series. *Intern Med*. doi:10.2169/internalmedicine.8731-21. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34840235>

221. Nagasaka, T., Koitabashi, N., Ishibashi, Y., Aihara, K., Takama, N., Ohya, Y., . . . Kaneko, Y. (2021). Acute Myocarditis Associated with COVID-19 Vaccination: A Case Report. *J Cardiol Cases*. doi:10.1016/j.jccase.2021.11.006. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34876937>
222. Premature myocardial infarction or side effect of COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33824804/>
223. the culprit: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34702550/>
224. A case of acute encephalopathy and non-ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction after vaccination with mRNA-1273: possible adverse effect: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34703815/>
225. Acute myocardial infarction within 24 hours after COVID-19 vaccination: is Kounis syndrome Clinical and histopathologic spectrum of delayed adverse skin reactions after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34292611/>.
226. Chouchana, L., Blet, A., Al-Khalaf, M., Kafil, T. S., Nair, G., Robblee, J., . . . Liu, P. P. (2021). Features of Inflammatory Heart Reactions Following mRNA COVID-19 Vaccination at a Global Level. *Clin Pharmacol Ther*. doi:10.1002/cpt.2499. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34860360>

Thrombosis (includes terms: Thrombotic & Thromboembolic & Thromboembolism)

There are three categories of causes of thrombosis: damage to the blood vessel (catheter or surgery), slowed blood flow (immobility), and/or thrombophilia (if the blood itself is more likely to clot).

1. Three cases of acute venous thromboembolism in women after vaccination against COVID-19: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2213333X21003929>
2. Acute thrombosis of the coronary tree after vaccination against COVID-19: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S1936879821003988>
3. US case reports of cerebral venous sinus thrombosis with thrombocytopenia after vaccination with Ad26.COV2.S (against covid-19), March 2 to April 21, 2020: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33929487/>
4. Portal vein thrombosis associated with ChAdOx1 nCov-19 vaccine: [https://www.thelancet.com/journals/langas/article/PIIS2468-1253\(21\)00197-7/](https://www.thelancet.com/journals/langas/article/PIIS2468-1253(21)00197-7/)
5. Management of cerebral and splanchnic vein thrombosis associated with thrombocytopenia in subjects previously vaccinated with Vaxzevria (AstraZeneca): position statement of the Italian Society for the Study of Hemostasis and Thrombosis (SISSET): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33871350/>
6. Thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome associated with COVID-19 vaccines: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0735675721004381>
7. Covid-19 vaccine-induced thrombosis and thrombocytopenia: a commentary on an important and practical clinical dilemma: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0033062021000505>
8. Thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome associated with COVID-19 viral vector vaccines: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0953620521001904>

9. COVID-19 vaccine-induced immune-immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia: an emerging cause of splanchnic vein thrombosis: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1665268121000557>
10. The roles of platelets in COVID-19-associated coagulopathy and vaccine-induced immune thrombotic immune thrombocytopenia (covid): <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1050173821000967>
11. Roots of autoimmunity of thrombotic events after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S1568997221002160>
12. Thrombotic immune thrombocytopenia induced by SARS-CoV-2 vaccine: <https://www.nejm.org/doi/full/10.1056/nejme2106315>
13. Thrombosis and thrombocytopenia after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19: https://www.nejm.org/doi/full/10.1056/NEJMoa2104882?query=recirc_curatedRelated_article
14. Thrombotic thrombocytopenia after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCov-19: https://www.nejm.org/doi/full/10.1056/NEJMoa2104840?query=recirc_curatedRelated_article
15. Post-mortem findings in vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia (covid-19): <https://haematologica.org/article/view/haematol.2021.279075>
16. Comparison of vaccine-induced thrombotic episodes between ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 and Ad26.COV.2.S vaccines: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0896841121000895>
17. Hypothesis behind the very rare cases of thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0049384821003315>
18. Primary adrenal insufficiency associated with thrombotic immune thrombocytopenia induced by the Oxford-AstraZeneca ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine (VITT): <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0953620521002363>
19. "Portal vein thrombosis occurring after the first dose of SARS-CoV-2 mRNA vaccine in a patient with antiphospholipid syndrome": <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2666572721000389>
20. Early results of bivalirudin treatment for thrombotic thrombocytopenia and cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after vaccination with Ad26.COV2.S: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0196064421003425>
21. Mechanisms of immunothrombosis in vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia (VITT) compared to natural SARS-CoV-2 infection: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0896841121000706>
22. Prothrombotic immune thrombocytopenia after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0006497121009411>
23. Vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia: the dark chapter of a success story: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2589936821000256>
24. Thrombosis after COVID-19 vaccination: possible link to ACE pathways: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0049384821004369>
25. Vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia, a rare but severe case of friendly fire in the battle against the COVID-19 pandemic: What pathogenesis?: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0953620521002314>

26. Thrombocytopenia and intracranial venous sinus thrombosis after exposure to the "AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccine": <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33918932/>
27. Thrombosis with thrombocytopenia after messenger RNA vaccine -1273: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34181446/>
28. First dose of ChAdOx1 and BNT162b2 COVID-19 vaccines and thrombocytopenic, thromboembolic, and hemorrhagic events in Scotland: <https://www.nature.com/articles/s41591-021-01408-4>
29. PF4 immunoassays in vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://www.nejm.org/doi/full/10.1056/NEJMc2106383>
30. Antibody epitopes in vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://www.nature.com/articles/s41586-021-03744-4>
31. Thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome associated with COVID-19 vaccines: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0735675721004381>.
32. Immune thrombosis and thrombocytopenia (VITT) associated with the COVID-19 vaccine: diagnostic and therapeutic recommendations for a new syndrome: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33987882/>
33. Laboratory testing for suspicion of COVID-19 vaccine-induced thrombotic (immune) thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34138513/>
34. Intracerebral haemorrhage due to thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome after COVID-19 vaccination: the first fatal case in Korea: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34402235/>
35. Risk of thrombocytopenia and thromboembolism after covid-19 vaccination and positive SARS-CoV-2 tests: self-controlled case series study: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34446426/>
36. Vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia and cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after covid-19 vaccination; a systematic review: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34365148/>.
37. Primary adrenal insufficiency associated with thrombotic immune thrombocytopenia induced by Oxford-AstraZeneca ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine (VITT): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34256983/>
38. Thromboaspiration infusion and fibrinolysis for portomesenteric thrombosis after administration of AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34132839/>
39. 59-year-old woman with extensive deep venous thrombosis and pulmonary thromboembolism 7 days after a first dose of Pfizer-BioNTech BNT162b2 mRNA vaccine COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34117206/>
40. Thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome (TTS) following AstraZeneca ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 (AZD1222) COVID-19 vaccination: risk-benefit analysis for persons <60 years in Australia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34272095/>
41. Comparison of vaccine-induced thrombotic events between ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 and Ad26.COV.2.S vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34139631/>.
42. Bilateral superior ophthalmic vein thrombosis, ischemic stroke and immune thrombocytopenia after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33864750/>

43. celiac artery and splenic artery thrombosis complicated by splenic infarction 7 days after the first dose of Oxford vaccine, causal relationship or coincidence: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34261633/>.
44. Primary adrenal insufficiency associated with Oxford-AstraZeneca ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 (VITT) vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34256983/>
45. Thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome after COVID-19 immunization: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34236343/>
46. Thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome associated with COVID-19 viral vector vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34092488/>
47. Thromboaspiration infusion and fibrinolysis for portomesenteric thrombosis after administration of the AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34132839/>.
48. Atypical thrombosis associated with the vaccine VaxZevria® (AstraZeneca): data from the French network of regional pharmacovigilance centers: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34083026/>.
49. Vaccine-induced thrombosis and thrombocytopenia with bilateral adrenal haemorrhage: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34235757/>.
50. Palmar digital vein thrombosis after Oxford-AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34473841/>.
51. Cutaneous thrombosis associated with cutaneous necrosis following Oxford-AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34189756/>
52. Thrombosis with thrombocytopenia after Messenger vaccine RNA-1273: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34181446/>
53. Coronavirus (COVID-19) Vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia (VITT): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34033367/>
54. Comparison of adverse drug reactions among four COVID-19 vaccines in Europe using the EudraVigilance database: Thrombosis in unusual sites: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34375510/>
55. Immunoglobulin adjuvant for vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34107198/>
56. Severe vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia following vaccination with COVID-19: an autopsy case report and review of the literature: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34355379/>.
57. Platelet activation and modulation in thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome associated with the ChAdO × 1 nCov-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34474550/>
58. Report of the International Cerebral Venous Thrombosis Consortium on cerebral venous thrombosis after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34462996/>
59. Immune thrombocytopenia associated with the Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 mRNA vaccine BNT162b2: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2214250921002018>

60. Secondary immune thrombocytopenia putatively attributable to COVID-19 vaccination: <https://casereports.bmj.com/content/14/5/e242220.abstract>.
61. Immune thrombocytopenia following Pfizer-BioNTech BNT162b2 mRNA COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34155844/>
62. Newly diagnosed idiopathic thrombocytopenia after COVID-19 vaccine administration: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC8176657/>.
63. Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura and the Modern Covid-19 vaccine: [https://www.annemergmed.com/article/S0196-0644\(21\)00122-0/fulltext](https://www.annemergmed.com/article/S0196-0644(21)00122-0/fulltext).
64. Thrombocytopenia after Pfizer and Moderna SARS vaccination – CoV -2: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC8014568/>.
65. Immune thrombocytopenic purpura and acute liver injury after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://casereports.bmj.com/content/14/7/e242678>.
66. Carotid artery immune thrombosis induced by adenovirus-vectored COVID-19 vaccine: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34312301/>.
67. The roles of platelets in COVID-19-associated coagulopathy and vaccine-induced immune-immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34455073/>
68. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis negative for anti-PF4 antibody without thrombocytopenia after immunization with COVID-19 vaccine in a non-comorbid elderly Indian male treated with conventional heparin-warfarin-based anticoagulation: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34186376/>
69. Arterial events, venous thromboembolism, thrombocytopenia and bleeding after vaccination with Oxford-AstraZeneca ChAdOx1-S in Denmark and Norway: population-based cohort study: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33952445/>
70. Procoagulant microparticles: a possible link between vaccine-induced immune thrombocytopenia (VITT) and cerebral sinus venous thrombosis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34129181/>
71. U.S. case reports of cerebral venous sinus thrombosis with thrombocytopenia after vaccination with Ad26.COV2.S, March 2-April 21, 2021: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33929487/>.
72. Malignant cerebral infarction after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCov-19: a catastrophic variant of vaccine-induced immune-mediated thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34341358/>
73. Acute ischemic stroke revealing immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia induced by ChAdOx1 nCov-19 vaccine: impact on recanalization strategy: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34175640/>
74. Vaccine-induced immune thrombotic immune thrombocytopenia (VITT): a new clinicopathologic entity with heterogeneous clinical presentations: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34159588/>.
75. Imaging and hematologic findings in thrombosis and thrombocytopenia after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 (AstraZeneca): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34402666/>
76. Autoimmunity roots of thrombotic events after vaccination with COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34508917/>

77. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after vaccination: the UK experience: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34370974/>
78. Cutaneous thrombosis associated with cutaneous necrosis following Oxford-AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34189756/>
79. Myocardial infarction and azygos vein thrombosis after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 in a hemodialysis patient: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34650896/>
80. Refractory vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia (VITT) treated with delayed therapeutic plasma exchange (TPE): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34672380/>.
81. Rare case of COVID-19 vaccine-associated intracranial hemorrhage with venous sinus thrombosis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34556531/>.
82. Delayed headache after COVID-19 vaccination: a warning sign for vaccine-induced cerebral venous thrombosis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34535076/>.
83. Clinical features of vaccine-induced thrombocytopenia and immune thrombosis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34379914/>.
84. Predictors of mortality in thrombotic thrombocytopenia after adenoviral COVID-19 vaccination: the FAPIC score: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34545400/>
85. Ischemic stroke as a presenting feature of immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia induced by ChAdOx1-nCoV-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34035134/>
86. Endovascular treatment for vaccine-induced cerebral venous sinus thrombosis and thrombocytopenia after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19: report of three cases: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34782400/>
87. Possible triggers of thrombocytopenia and/or hemorrhage by BNT162b2 vaccine, Pfizer-BioNTech: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34660652/>.
88. Multiple sites of arterial thrombosis in a 35-year-old patient after vaccination with ChAdOx1 (AstraZeneca), which required emergency femoral and carotid surgical thrombectomy: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34644642/>
89. Case series of vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia in a London teaching hospital: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34694650/>
90. Neuro-ophthalmic complications with thrombocytopenia and thrombosis induced by ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34726934/>
91. Thrombotic events after COVID-19 vaccination in over 50 years of age: results of a population-based study in Italy: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34835237/>
92. Intracerebral hemorrhage associated with vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia after ChAdOx1 nCOVID-19 vaccination in a pregnant woman: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34261297/>
93. Age- and sex-specific incidence of cerebral venous sinus thrombosis associated with Ad26.COV2.S COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34724036/>.
94. Genital necrosis with cutaneous thrombosis following vaccination with COVID-19 mRNA: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34839563/>
95. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after mRNA-based COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34783932/>.

96. COVID-19 vaccine-induced immune thrombosis with thrombocytopenia thrombosis (VITT) and shades of gray in thrombus formation: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34624910/>
97. Acute ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction secondary to vaccine-induced immune thrombosis with thrombocytopenia (VITT): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34580132/>
98. Thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome (TTS) after vaccination with AstraZeneca ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 (AZD1222) COVID-19: a risk-benefit analysis for persons <60% risk-benefit analysis for people <60 years in Australia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34272095/>
99. Characteristics and outcomes of patients with cerebral venous sinus thrombosis in thrombotic immune thrombocytopenia induced by SARS-CoV-2 vaccine: <https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jamaneurology/fullarticle/2784622>
100. Case study of thrombosis and thrombocytopenia syndrome after administration of the AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34781321/>
101. Thrombosis with Thrombocytopenia Syndrome Associated with COVID-19 Vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34062319/>
102. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis following vaccination with ChAdOx1: the first case of definite thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome in India: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34706921/>
103. COVID-19 vaccine-associated thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome (TTS): systematic review and post hoc analysis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34698582/>
104. Concerns for adverse effects of thrombocytopenia and thrombosis after adenovirus-vectored COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34541935/>
105. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after COVID-19 vaccination: neurologic and radiologic management: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34327553/>.
106. Case report: cerebral sinus vein thrombosis in two patients with AstraZeneca SARS-CoV-2 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34609603/>
107. Vaccine-induced immune thrombosis and thrombocytopenia syndrome after adenovirus-vectored severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 vaccination: a new hypothesis on mechanisms and implications for future vaccine development: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34664303/>.
108. Thrombosis in peripheral artery disease and thrombotic thrombocytopenia following adenoviral COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34649281/>
109. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis and thrombotic events after vector-based COVID-19 vaccines: systematic review and meta-analysis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34610990/>.
110. Thrombosis after COVID-19 vaccination: possible link to ACE pathways: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34479129/>
111. Major artery thrombosis and vaccination against ChAdOx1 nCov-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34839830/>
112. Understanding the risk of thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome following Ad26.COV2.S vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34595694/>

113. Comments on thrombosis after vaccination: spike protein leader sequence could be responsible for thrombosis and antibody-mediated thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34788138>
114. Thrombosis in pre- and post-vaccination phase of COVID-19; <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34650382/>
115. Vaccine-associated thrombocytopenia and thrombosis: venous endotheliopathy leading to combined venous micro-macrothrombosis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34833382/>
116. Thrombosis and thrombocytopenia syndrome causing isolated symptomatic carotid occlusion after COVID-19 Ad26.COV2.S vaccine (Janssen): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34670287/>
117. An unusual presentation of acute deep vein thrombosis after Modern COVID-19 vaccine: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34790811/>
118. Immediate high-dose intravenous immunoglobulins followed by direct treatment with thrombin inhibitors is crucial for survival in vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia Sars-Covid-19-vector adenoviral VITT with venous thrombosis of the cerebral sinus and portal vein: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34023956/>.
119. Thrombosis formation after COVID-19 vaccination immunologic aspects: review article: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34629931/>
120. Imaging and hematologic findings in thrombosis and thrombocytopenia after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 (AstraZeneca): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34402666/>
121. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis, pulmonary embolism, and thrombocytopenia after COVID-19 vaccination in a Taiwanese man: a case report and review of the literature: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34630307/>
122. Fatal cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33983464/>
123. Autoimmune roots of thrombotic events after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34508917/>.
124. New portal vein thrombosis in cirrhosis: is thrombophilia exacerbated by vaccine or COVID-19: [https://www.jcehepatology.com/article/S0973-6883\(21\)00545-4/fulltext](https://www.jcehepatology.com/article/S0973-6883(21)00545-4/fulltext).
125. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after vaccination with COVID-19 mRNA of BNT162b2: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34796065/>.
126. A case of unusual mild clinical presentation of COVID-19 vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia with splanchnic vein thrombosis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34843991/>
127. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis following vaccination with Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 (BNT162b2): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34595867/>
128. A case of idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura after a booster dose of COVID-19 BNT162b2 vaccine (Pfizer-Biontech): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34820240/>
129. Vaccine-induced immune thrombotic immune thrombocytopenia (VITT): targeting pathologic mechanisms with Bruton's tyrosine kinase inhibitors: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33851389/>

130. Thromboembolic events in younger females exposed to Pfizer-BioNTech or Moderna COVID-19 vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34264151/>
131. Thrombosis after adenovirus-vectored COVID-19 vaccination: a concern for underlying disease: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34755555/>
132. Unusual site of deep vein thrombosis after vaccination against coronavirus mRNA-2019 coronavirus disease (COVID-19): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34840204/>
133. Deep venous thrombosis after vaccination with Ad26.COV2.S in adult males: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34659839/>.
134. Clinical and biological features of cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCov-19; <https://jinnp.bmj.com/content/early/2021/09/29/jinnp-2021-327340>.
135. CAd26.COV2-S vaccination may reveal hereditary thrombophilia: massive cerebral venous sinus thrombosis in a young man with normal platelet count: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34632750/>
136. Post-mortem findings in vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://haematologica.org/article/view/haematol.2021.279075>
137. COVID-19 vaccine-induced thrombosis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34802488/>.
138. Inflammation and platelet activation after COVID-19 vaccines: possible mechanisms behind vaccine-induced immune thrombocytopenia and thrombosis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34887867/>.
139. Anaphylactoid reaction and coronary thrombosis related to COVID-19 mRNA vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34863404/>.
140. Occurrence of splenic infarction due to arterial thrombosis after vaccination with COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34876440/>
141. Deep venous thrombosis more than two weeks after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33928773/>
142. Information on ChAdOx1 nCov-19 vaccine-induced immune-mediated thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34587242/>
143. Management of a patient with a rare congenital limb malformation syndrome after SARS-CoV-2 vaccine-induced thrombosis and thrombocytopenia (VITT): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34097311/>
144. Thrombocytopenia and splanchnic thrombosis after vaccination with Ad26.COV2.S successfully treated with transjugular intrahepatic portosystemic shunt and thrombectomy: <https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1002/ajh.26258>
145. Chang, J. C., & Hawley, H. B. (2021). Vaccine-Associated Thrombocytopenia and Thrombosis: Venous Endotheliopathy Leading to Venous Combined Micro-Macrothrombosis. *Medicina (Kaunas)*, 57(11). doi:10.3390/medicina57111163. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34833382>
146. Potential risk of thrombotic events after COVID-19 vaccination with Oxford-AstraZeneca in women receiving estrogen: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34734086/>

147. Thrombotic adverse events reported for Moderna, Pfizer, and Oxford-AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccines: comparison of occurrence and clinical outcomes in the EudraVigilance database: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34835256/>
148. Predicted and observed incidence of thromboembolic events among Koreans vaccinated with the ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34254476/>
149. Three cases of acute venous thromboembolism in women after coronavirus 2019 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34352418/>
150. Shazley, O., & Alshazley, M. (2021). A COVID-Positive 52-Year-Old Man Presented With Venous Thromboembolism and Disseminated Intravascular Coagulation Following Johnson & Johnson Vaccination: A Case-Study. *Cureus*, 13(7), e16383. doi:10.7759/cureus.16383. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34408937>

Thrombocytopenia

A condition in which there is a lower-than-normal number of platelets in the blood. It may result in easy bruising and excessive bleeding from wounds or bleeding in mucous membranes and other tissues.

1. Vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia with disseminated intravascular coagulation and death after ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34171649/>
2. US case reports of cerebral venous sinus thrombosis with thrombocytopenia after vaccination with Ad26.COV2.S (against covid-19), March 2 to April 21, 2020: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33929487/>
3. Management of cerebral and splanchnic vein thrombosis associated with thrombocytopenia in subjects previously vaccinated with Vaxzevria (AstraZeneca): position statement of the Italian Society for the Study of Hemostasis and Thrombosis (SISET): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33871350/>
4. Vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia and cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after vaccination with COVID-19; a systematic review: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0022510X21003014>
5. Thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome associated with COVID-19 vaccines: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0735675721004381>
6. Covid-19 vaccine-induced thrombosis and thrombocytopenia: a commentary on an important and practical clinical dilemma: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0033062021000505>
7. Thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome associated with COVID-19 viral vector vaccines: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0953620521001904>
8. COVID-19 vaccine-induced immune-immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia: an emerging cause of splanchnic vein thrombosis: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1665268121000557>
9. The roles of platelets in COVID-19-associated coagulopathy and vaccine-induced immune thrombotic immune thrombocytopenia (covid): <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1050173821000967>
10. Thrombotic immune thrombocytopenia induced by SARS-CoV-2 vaccine: <https://www.nejm.org/doi/full/10.1056/nejme2106315>

11. Thrombosis and thrombocytopenia after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19: https://www.nejm.org/doi/full/10.1056/NEJMoa2104882?query=recirc_curatedRelated_article
12. Post-mortem findings in vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia (covid-19): <https://haematologica.org/article/view/haematol.2021.279075>
13. Thrombocytopenia, including immune thrombocytopenia after receiving COVID-19 mRNA vaccines reported to the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS): <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0264410X21005247>
14. Hypothesis behind the very rare cases of thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0049384821003315>
15. Primary adrenal insufficiency associated with thrombotic immune thrombocytopenia induced by the Oxford-AstraZeneca ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine (VITT): <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0953620521002363>
16. Early results of bivalirudin treatment for thrombotic thrombocytopenia and cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after vaccination with Ad26.COV2.S: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0196064421003425>
17. Mechanisms of immunothrombosis in vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia (VITT) compared to natural SARS-CoV-2 infection: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0896841121000706>
18. Vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia: the dark chapter of a success story: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2589936821000256>
19. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis and thrombocytopenia after COVID-19 vaccination: report of two cases in the United Kingdom: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S088915912100163X>
20. Immune thrombocytopenic purpura after vaccination with COVID-19 vaccine (ChAdOx1 nCov-19): <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0006497121013963>.
21. Vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia, a rare but severe case of friendly fire in the battle against the COVID-19 pandemic: What pathogenesis?: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0953620521002314>
22. Thrombocytopenia and intracranial venous sinus thrombosis after exposure to the “AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccine”: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33918932/>
23. Thrombocytopenia following Pfizer and Moderna SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33606296/>
24. Severe and refractory immune thrombocytopenia occurring after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33854395/>
25. Purpuric rash and thrombocytopenia after mRNA-1273 (Modern) COVID-19 vaccine: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC7996471/>
26. Thrombosis with thrombocytopenia after messenger RNA vaccine -1273: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34181446/>
27. First dose of ChAdOx1 and BNT162b2 COVID-19 vaccines and thrombocytopenic, thromboembolic, and hemorrhagic events in Scotland: <https://www.nature.com/articles/s41591-021-01408-4>

28. Exacerbation of immune thrombocytopenia after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34075578/>
29. PF4 immunoassays in vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://www.nejm.org/doi/full/10.1056/NEJMc2106383>
30. Antibody epitopes in vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://www.nature.com/articles/s41586-021-03744-4>
31. Thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome associated with COVID-19 vaccines: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0735675721004381>.
32. Immune thrombocytopenia associated with Pfizer-BioNTech's COVID-19 BNT162b2 mRNA vaccine: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2214250921002018>.
33. Immune thrombosis and thrombocytopenia (VITT) associated with the COVID-19 vaccine: diagnostic and therapeutic recommendations for a new syndrome: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33987882/>
34. Laboratory testing for suspicion of COVID-19 vaccine-induced thrombotic (immune) thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34138513/>
35. Intracerebral haemorrhage due to thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome after COVID-19 vaccination: the first fatal case in Korea: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34402235/>
36. Risk of thrombocytopenia and thromboembolism after covid-19 vaccination and positive SARS-CoV-2 tests: self-controlled case series study: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34446426/>
37. Vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia and cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after covid-19 vaccination; a systematic review: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34365148/>.
38. Primary adrenal insufficiency associated with thrombotic immune thrombocytopenia induced by Oxford-AstraZeneca ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine (VITT): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34256983/>
39. Cerebral venous thrombosis and vaccine-induced thrombocytopenia. a. Oxford-AstraZeneca COVID-19: a missed opportunity for a rapid return on experience: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34033927/>
40. Immune thrombocytopenia in a 22-year-old post Covid-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33476455/>
41. Secondary immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) associated with ChAdOx1 Covid-19 vaccine: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34377889/>
42. Thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome (TTS) following AstraZeneca ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 (AZD1222) COVID-19 vaccination: risk-benefit analysis for persons <60 years in Australia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34272095/>
43. Bilateral superior ophthalmic vein thrombosis, ischemic stroke and immune thrombocytopenia after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33864750/>
44. Risk of thrombocytopenia and thromboembolism after covid-19 vaccination and positive SARS-CoV-2 tests: self-controlled case series study: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34446426/>

45. First dose of ChAdOx1 and BNT162b2 COVID-19 vaccines and thrombocytopenic, thromboembolic and hemorrhagic events in Scotland: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34108714/>
46. Thrombocytopenia after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34332437/>.
47. A case of multiple thrombocytopenia and thrombosis following vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 against SARS-CoV-2: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34137813/>
48. Vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia: the elusive link between thrombosis and adenovirus-based SARS-CoV-2 vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34191218/>
49. Acute ischemic stroke revealing immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia induced by ChAdOx1 nCov-19 vaccine: impact on recanalization strategy: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34175640/>
50. Procoagulant antibody-mediated procoagulant platelets in immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia associated with SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34011137/>.
51. Thrombotic thrombocytopenia after vaccination with COVID-19: in search of the underlying mechanism: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34071883/>
52. Thrombosis and SARS-CoV-2 vaccines: vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34237213/>.
53. Acquired thrombotic thrombocytopenic thrombocytopenic purpura: a rare disease associated with the BNT162b2 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34105247/>.
54. Immune complexes, innate immunity and NETosis in ChAdOx1 vaccine-induced thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34405870/>.
55. Immune-mediated thrombocytopenic purpura after Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine in an elderly woman: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34513446/>
56. Immune-mediated thrombocytopenia associated with Ad26.COV2.S vaccine (Janssen; Johnson & Johnson): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34469919/>.
57. Transient thrombocytopenia with glycoprotein-specific platelet autoantibodies after vaccination with Ad26.COV2.S: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34516272/>.
58. COVID-19 vaccine, immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia, jaundice, hyperviscosity: concern in cases with underlying hepatic problems: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34509271/>.
59. Immune thrombocytopenia after vaccination during the COVID-19 pandemic: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34435486/>
60. Vaccine-induced thrombocytopenia with severe headache: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34525282/>
61. Vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia causing a severe form of cerebral venous thrombosis with a high mortality rate: a case series: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34393988/>.

62. Adenovirus interactions with platelets and coagulation and vaccine-associated autoimmune thrombocytopenia thrombosis syndrome: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34407607/>.
63. Australian and New Zealand approach to the diagnosis and treatment of vaccine-induced immune thrombosis and immune thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34490632/>
64. An observational study to identify the prevalence of thrombocytopenia and anti-PF4 / polyanion antibodies in Norwegian health care workers after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33909350/>
65. A rare case of thrombosis and thrombocytopenia of the superior ophthalmic vein after ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccination against SARS-CoV-2: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34276917/>
66. Thrombosis and severe acute respiratory syndrome Coronavirus 2 vaccines: vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34237213/>.
67. Renal vein thrombosis and pulmonary embolism secondary to vaccine-induced thrombotic immune thrombocytopenia (VITT): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34268278/>.
68. Limb ischemia and pulmonary artery thrombosis after ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine (Oxford-AstraZeneca): a case of vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33990339/>.
69. A case of vaccine-induced immune-immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia with massive arteriovenous thrombosis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34059191/>
70. Thrombocytopenia in an adolescent with sickle cell anemia after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34331506/>
71. Vaccine-induced thrombocytopenia with severe headache: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34525282/>
72. ChAdOx1 interacts with CAR and PF4 with implications for thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome: <https://www.science.org/doi/10.1126/sciadv.abl8213>
73. Lethal vaccine-induced immune thrombotic immune thrombocytopenia (VITT) following announcement 26.COVID.S: first documented case outside the U.S.: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34626338/>
74. A prothrombotic thrombocytopenic disorder resembling heparin-induced thrombocytopenia after coronavirus-19 vaccination: <https://europepmc.org/article/PPR/PPR304469435>.
75. VITT (vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia) after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34731555/>
76. Vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia (VITT): a new clinicopathologic entity with heterogeneous clinical presentations: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34159588/>
77. Treatment of acute ischemic stroke associated with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34461442/>
78. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after vaccination: the UK experience: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34370974/>

79. Cerebral venous vein/venous sinus thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34373413/>
80. Portal vein thrombosis due to vaccine-induced immune thrombotic immune thrombocytopenia (VITT) after Covid vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34598301/>
81. Spontaneous HIT syndrome: knee replacement, infection and parallels with vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34144250/>
82. Thrombocytopenia with acute ischemic stroke and hemorrhage in a patient recently vaccinated with an adenoviral vector-based COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33877737/>
83. ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine-associated thrombocytopenia: three cases of immune thrombocytopenia after 107,720 doses of ChAdOx1 vaccination in Thailand: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34483267/>.
84. Pulmonary embolism, transient ischemic attack, and thrombocytopenia after Johnson & Johnson COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34261635/>
85. Neurosurgical considerations with respect to decompressive craniectomy for intracerebral hemorrhage after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination in vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia-VITT: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34202817/>
86. Secondary thrombocytopenia after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: case report of haemorrhage and hematoma after minor oral surgery: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34314875/>.
87. Venous thromboembolism and mild thrombocytopenia after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34384129/>
88. Fatal exacerbation of ChadOx1-nCoV-19-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia syndrome after successful initial therapy with intravenous immunoglobulins: a rationale for monitoring immunoglobulin G levels: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34382387/>
89. A rare case of COVID-19 vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia (VITT) affecting the venosplanchnic and pulmonary arterial circulation from a UK district general hospital: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34535492/>
90. COVID-19 vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia: a case series: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34527501/>
91. Immune thrombocytopenia after immunization with Vaxzevria ChadOx1-S vaccine (AstraZeneca), Victoria, Australia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34756770/>
92. Case report of immune thrombocytopenia after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34751013/>.
93. Thrombocytopenia with acute ischemic stroke and hemorrhage in a patient recently vaccinated with an adenoviral vector-based COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33877737/>
94. Intracerebral hemorrhage and thrombocytopenia after AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccine: clinical and diagnostic challenges of vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34646685/>

95. Thrombocytopenia, including immune thrombocytopenia after receiving COVID-19 mRNA vaccines reported to the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34006408/>
96. Newly diagnosed immune thrombocytopenia in a pregnant patient after coronavirus disease 2019 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34420249/>
97. Thrombocytopenia in an adolescent with sickle cell anemia after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34331506/>
98. Abdominal pain and bilateral adrenal hemorrhage from immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia induced by COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34546343/>
99. Venous thromboembolism and mild thrombocytopenia after ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34384129/>.
100. Severe immune thrombocytopenia following COVID-19 vaccination: report of four cases and review of the literature: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34653943/>.
101. Relapse of immune thrombocytopenia after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34591991/>
102. Images of immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia induced by Oxford / AstraZeneca® COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33962903/>.
103. Adenovirus interactions with platelets and coagulation and vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia syndrome: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34407607/>
104. Complicated case report of long-term vaccine-induced thrombotic immune thrombocytopenia A: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34835275/>.
105. Prevalence of thrombocytopenia, anti-platelet factor 4 antibodies, and elevated D-dimer in Thais after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34568726/>
106. Bilateral thalamic stroke: a case of COVID-19 (VITT) vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia or a coincidence due to underlying risk factors: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34820232/>.
107. Successful treatment of vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia in a 26-year-old female patient: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34614491/>
108. Case report: vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia in a patient with pancreatic cancer after vaccination with messenger RNA-1273: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34790684/>
109. Vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia after Ad26.COV2.S vaccination in a man presenting as acute venous thromboembolism: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34096082/>
110. Helms, J. M., Ansteatt, K. T., Roberts, J. C., Kamatam, S., Foong, K. S., Labayog, J. S., & Tarantino, M. D. (2021). Severe, Refractory Immune Thrombocytopenia Occurring After SARS-CoV-2 Vaccine. *J Blood Med*, 12, 221-224. doi:10.2147/JBM.S307047. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/33854395>
111. Hippisley-Cox, J., Patone, M., Mei, X. W., Saatci, D., Dixon, S., Khunti, K., . . . Coupland, C. A. C. (2021). Risk of thrombocytopenia and thromboembolism after covid-19 vaccination and SARS-CoV-2 positive testing: self-controlled case series study. *BMJ*, 374, n1931. doi:10.1136/bmj.n1931. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34446426>

112. Lee, E. J., Cines, D. B., Gernsheimer, T., Kessler, C., Michel, M., Tarantino, M. D., . . . Bussel, J. B. (2021). Thrombocytopenia following Pfizer and Moderna SARS-CoV-2 vaccination. *Am J Hematol*, 96(5), 534-537. doi:10.1002/ajh.26132. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/33606296>
113. Welsh, K. J., Baumbblatt, J., Chege, W., Goud, R., & Nair, N. (2021). Thrombocytopenia including immune thrombocytopenia after receipt of mRNA COVID-19 vaccines reported to the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS). *Vaccine*, 39(25), 3329-3332. doi:10.1016/j.vaccine.2021.04.054. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34006408>
114. Relapse of immune thrombocytopenia after covid-19 vaccination in young male patient: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34804803/>.
115. Peduncular, symptomatic cavernous bleeding after immune thrombocytopenia-induced SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34549178/>.

Cerebral Venous Thrombosis

A type of stroke in which the venous channels of the brain become thrombosed, resulting in cerebral infarction in the areas corresponding to the thrombosis.

1. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis in the U.S. population after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination with adenovirus and after COVID-19: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0735109721051949>
2. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis negative for anti-PF4 antibody without thrombocytopenia after immunization with COVID-19 vaccine in a non-comorbid elderly Indian male treated with conventional heparin-warfarin based anticoagulation: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1871402121002046>
3. Cerebral venous thrombosis after BNT162b2 mRNA SARS-CoV-2 vaccine: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S1052305721003098>
4. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after vaccination: the United Kingdom experience: [https://www.thelancet.com/journals/lancet/article/PIIS0140-6736\(21\)01788-8/fulltext](https://www.thelancet.com/journals/lancet/article/PIIS0140-6736(21)01788-8/fulltext)
5. US case reports of cerebral venous sinus thrombosis with thrombocytopenia after vaccination with Ad26.COV2.S (against covid-19), March 2 to April 21, 2020: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33929487/>
6. Management of cerebral and splanchnic vein thrombosis associated with thrombocytopenia in subjects previously vaccinated with Vaxzevria (AstraZeneca): position statement of the Italian Society for the Study of Hemostasis and Thrombosis (SISST): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33871350/>
7. Vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia and cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after vaccination with COVID-19; a systematic review: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0022510X21003014>
8. Early results of bivalirudin treatment for thrombotic thrombocytopenia and cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after vaccination with Ad26.COV2.S: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0196064421003425>
9. A rare case of a middle-aged Asian male with cerebral venous thrombosis after AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccination: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0735675721005714>

10. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis and thrombocytopenia after COVID-19 vaccination: report of two cases in the United Kingdom: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S088915912100163X>
11. Diagnostic-therapeutic recommendations of the ad-hoc FACME expert working group on the management of cerebral venous thrombosis related to COVID-19 vaccination: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0213485321000839>
12. COVID-19 vaccination: information on the occurrence of arterial and venous thrombosis using data from VigiBase: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33863748/>
13. Cerebral venous thrombosis associated with the covid-19 vaccine in Germany: <https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1002/ana.26172>
14. Cerebral venous thrombosis following BNT162b2 mRNA vaccination of BNT162b2 against SARS-CoV-2: a black swan event: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34133027/>
15. The importance of recognizing cerebral venous thrombosis following anti-COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34001390/>
16. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis negative for anti-PF4 antibody without thrombocytopenia after immunization with COVID-19 vaccine in an elderly, non-comorbid Indian male treated with conventional heparin-warfarin-based anticoagulation: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1871402121002046>.
17. Vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia and cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after covid-19 vaccination; a systematic review: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34365148/>.
18. A rare case of cerebral venous thrombosis and disseminated intravascular coagulation temporally associated with administration of COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33917902/>
19. Acute cerebral venous thrombosis and pulmonary artery embolism associated with the COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34247246/>.
20. Cerebral venous thrombosis and vaccine-induced thrombocytopenia. a. Oxford-AstraZeneca COVID-19: a missed opportunity for a rapid return on experience: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34033927/>
21. Diagnosis and treatment of cerebral venous sinus thrombosis with vaccine-induced immune-immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33914590/>
22. Venous sinus thrombosis after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCov-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34420802/>
23. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis following vaccination against SARS-CoV-2: an analysis of cases reported to the European Medicines Agency: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34293217/>
24. Arterial events, venous thromboembolism, thrombocytopenia and bleeding after vaccination with Oxford-AstraZeneca ChAdOx1-S in Denmark and Norway: population-based cohort study: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33952445/>
25. Cerebral venous thrombosis associated with COVID-19 vaccine in Germany: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34288044/>

26. Malignant cerebral infarction after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCov-19: a catastrophic variant of vaccine-induced immune-mediated thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34341358/>
27. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis associated with thrombocytopenia after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33845870/>.
28. central venous sinus thrombosis with subarachnoid hemorrhage after COVID-19 mRNA vaccination: are these reports merely coincidental: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34478433/>
29. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis negative for anti-PF4 antibody without thrombocytopenia after immunization with COVID-19 vaccine in a non-comorbid elderly Indian male treated with conventional heparin-warfarin-based anticoagulation: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34186376/>
30. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis 2 weeks after first dose of SARS-CoV-2 mRNA vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34101024/>
31. Deep venous thrombosis (DVT) occurring shortly after second dose of SARS-CoV-2 mRNA vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33687691/>
32. Vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia causing a severe form of cerebral venous thrombosis with high mortality rate: a case series: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34393988/>.
33. Procoagulant microparticles: a possible link between vaccine-induced immune thrombocytopenia (VITT) and cerebral sinus venous thrombosis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34129181/>.
34. Acute cerebral venous thrombosis and pulmonary artery embolism associated with the COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34247246/>.
35. Cerebral venous thrombosis following COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34045111/>.
36. Adverse effects reported after COVID-19 vaccination in a tertiary care hospital, centered on cerebral venous sinus thrombosis (CVST): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34092166/>
37. Cerebral venous thrombosis associated with COVID-19 vaccine in Germany: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34288044/>.
38. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after COVID-19 vaccination : Neurological and radiological management: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34327553/>.
39. Cerebral venous thrombosis and thrombocytopenia after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33878469/>.
40. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis and thrombocytopenia after COVID-19 vaccination: report of two cases in the United Kingdom: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33857630/>.
41. Cerebral venous thrombosis induced by SARS-CoV-2 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34090750/>.
42. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis associated with vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34333995/>
43. Cerebral venous thrombosis after the BNT162b2 mRNA SARS-CoV-2 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34111775/>.

44. Cerebral venous thrombosis after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34045111/>
45. Lethal cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33983464/>
46. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis in the U.S. population, After SARS-CoV-2 vaccination with adenovirus and after COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34116145/>
47. Cerebral venous thrombosis after COVID-19 vaccination: is the risk of thrombosis increased by intravascular administration of the vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34286453/>.
48. Central venous sinus thrombosis with subarachnoid hemorrhage after COVID-19 mRNA vaccination: are these reports merely coincidental: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34478433/>
49. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after ChAdOx1 nCov-19 vaccination with a misleading first brain MRI: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34244448/>
50. Early results of bivalirudin treatment for thrombotic thrombocytopenia and cerebral venous sinus thrombosis after vaccination with Ad26.COV2.S: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34226070/>
51. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis associated with post-vaccination thrombocytopenia by COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33845870/>.
52. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis 2 weeks after the first dose of SARS-CoV-2 mRNA vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34101024/>.
53. Adverse effects reported after COVID-19 vaccination in a tertiary care hospital, focus on cerebral venous sinus thrombosis (CVST): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34092166/>
54. Cerebral venous sinus thrombosis following vaccination against SARS-CoV-2: an analysis of cases reported to the European Medicines Agency: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34293217/>
55. A rare case of a middle-age Asian male with cerebral venous thrombosis after COVID-19 AstraZeneca vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34274191/>
56. Massive cerebral venous thrombosis and venous basin infarction as late complications of COVID-19: a case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34373991/>
57. Massive cerebral venous thrombosis due to vaccine-induced immune thrombotic thrombocytopenia: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34261296/>
58. Cerebral venous thrombosis developing after vaccination. COVID-19: VITT, VATT, TTS and more: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34695859/>
59. Cerebral venous thrombosis and myeloproliferative neoplasms: a three-center study of 74 consecutive cases: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34453762/>.
60. Vaccine-induced cerebral venous thrombosis and thrombocytopenia. Oxford-AstraZeneca COVID-19: a missed opportunity for rapid return on experience: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S235255682100093X>

61. Case report: Take a second look: Cerebral venous thrombosis related to Covid-19 vaccination and thrombotic thrombocytopenia syndrome: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34880826/>

Vasculitis (includes term: Microscopic polyangiitis)

An inflammation of the blood vessels that causes changes in the blood vessel walls. When your blood vessel becomes weak, it might stretch and bulge (called an aneurysm). It might also burst open, causing bleeding. This can be life-threatening.

1. ANCA-associated vasculitis after Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0272638621007423>
2. propylthiouracil-induced neutrophil anti-cytoplasmic antibody-associated vasculitis after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34451967/>
3. IgA vasculitis in adult patient after vaccination with ChadOx1 nCoV-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34509658/>
4. A case of leukocytoclastic vasculitis after vaccination with a SARS-CoV2 vaccine: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34196469/>
5. A case of ANCA-associated vasculitis after AZD1222 (Oxford-AstraZeneca) SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: victim or causality?: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34416184/>
6. A case of ANCA-associated vasculitis after AZD1222 (Oxford-AstraZeneca) SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: victim or causality?: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34416184/>
7. Leukocytoclastic vasculitis as a cutaneous manifestation of ChAdOx1 corona virus vaccine nCoV-19 (recombinant): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34546608/>
8. Induction of cutaneous leukocytoclastic vasculitis after ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34853744/>
9. Recurrent ANCA-associated vasculitis after Oxford AstraZeneca ChAdOx1-S COVID-19 vaccination: a case series of two patients: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34755433/>
10. Cutaneous lymphocytic vasculitis after administration of the second dose of AZD1222 (Oxford-AstraZeneca) Severe acute respiratory syndrome Coronavirus 2 vaccine: chance or causality: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34726187/>
11. Case report: anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic antibody-associated vasculitis with acute renal failure and pulmonary hemorrhage can occur after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34859017/>
12. Intracerebral hemorrhage due to vasculitis following COVID-19 vaccination: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34783899/>
13. COVID-19 vaccine-induced urticarial vasculitis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34369046/>
14. ANCA-associated vasculitis after Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34280507/>
15. New-onset leukocytoclastic vasculitis after COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34241833/>
16. Cutaneous small vessel vasculitis after COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34529877/>

17. Outbreak of leukocytoclastic vasculitis after COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33928638/>
18. Leukocytoclastic vasculitis after exposure to COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34836739/>
19. Vasculitis and bursitis in [18 F] FDG-PET/CT after COVID-19 mRNA vaccine: post hoc ergo propter hoc?; <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34495381/>.
20. Cutaneous lymphocytic vasculitis after administration of COVID-19 mRNA vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34327795>
21. Cutaneous leukocytoclastic vasculitis induced by Sinovac COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34660867/>.
22. Reactivation of IgA vasculitis after vaccination with COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34848431/>
23. Varicella-zoster virus-related small-vessel vasculitis after Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34310759/>.
24. Imaging in vascular medicine: leukocytoclastic vasculitis after COVID-19 vaccine booster: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34720009/>
25. Cutaneous vasculitis following COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34611627/>.
26. Possible case of COVID-19 mRNA vaccine-induced small-vessel vasculitis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34705320/>.
27. IgA vasculitis following COVID-19 vaccination in an adult: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34779011/>
28. Propylthiouracil-induced anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic antibody-associated vasculitis following vaccination with COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34451967/>
29. Coronavirus disease vaccine 2019 (COVID-19) in systemic lupus erythematosus and neutrophil anti-cytoplasmic antibody-associated vasculitis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33928459/>
30. Reactivation of IgA vasculitis after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34250509/>
31. First description of immune complex vasculitis after COVID-19 vaccination with BNT162b2: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34530771/>.
32. Nephrotic syndrome and vasculitis after SARS-CoV-2 vaccine: true association or circumstantial: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34245294/>.
33. Occurrence of de novo cutaneous vasculitis after vaccination against coronavirus disease (COVID-19): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34599716/>.
34. Asymmetric cutaneous vasculitis after COVID-19 vaccination with unusual preponderance of eosinophils: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34115904/>.
35. Granulomatous vasculitis after AstraZeneca anti-SARS-CoV-2 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34237323/>.
36. A case of generalized Sweet's syndrome with vasculitis triggered by recent vaccination with COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34849386/>
37. Small-vessel vasculitis following Oxford-AstraZeneca vaccination against SARS-CoV-2: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34310763/>

38. Cutaneous vasculitis after severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34557622/>.
39. Leukocytoclastic vasculitis after coronavirus disease vaccination 2019: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34713472/803>
40. Outbreaks of mixed cryoglobulinemia vasculitis after vaccination against SARS-CoV-2: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34819272/>
41. Cutaneous small-vessel vasculitis after vaccination with a single dose of Janssen Ad26.COVS.2.S: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34337124/>
42. Case of immunoglobulin A vasculitis after vaccination against coronavirus disease 2019: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34535924/>
43. Relapse of microscopic polyangiitis after COVID-19 vaccination: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34251683/>.

Guillain-Barré syndrome

A neurological disorder in which the body's immune system mistakenly attacks part of its peripheral nervous system—the network of nerves located outside of the brain and spinal cord. GBS can range from a very mild case with brief weakness to nearly devastating paralysis, leaving the person unable to breathe independently. Fortunately, most people eventually recover from even the most severe cases of GBS. After recovery, some people will continue to have some degree of weakness.

1. GM1 ganglioside antibody and COVID-19-related Guillain Barre syndrome: case report, systemic review, and implications for vaccine development: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2666354621000065>
2. Guillain-Barré syndrome after AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccination: causal or casual association: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0303846721004169>
3. Sensory Guillain-Barré syndrome after ChAdOx1 nCov-19 vaccine: report of two cases and review of the literature: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0165572821002186>
4. Guillain-Barré syndrome after the first dose of SARS-CoV-2 vaccine: a temporary occurrence, not a causal association: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2214250921000998>.
5. Guillain-Barré syndrome presenting as facial diplegia after vaccination with COVID-19: a case report: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0736467921006442>
6. Guillain-Barré syndrome after the first injection of ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine: first report: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0035378721005853>.
7. SARS-CoV-2 vaccines are not safe for those with Guillain-Barre syndrome following vaccination: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2049080121005343>
8. Guillain Barré syndrome after vaccination with mRNA-1273 against COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34477091/>
9. A novel case of bifacial diplegia variant of Guillain-Barré syndrome after vaccination with Janssen COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34449715/>

10. Sensory Guillain-Barré syndrome following ChAdOx1 nCov-19 vaccine: report of two cases and review of the literature: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34416410/>.
11. Facial diplegia: a rare and atypical variant of Guillain-Barré syndrome and the Ad26.COV2.S vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34447646/>
12. Guillain-Barré syndrome after ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 COVID-19 vaccination: a case series: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34548920/>
13. AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccine and Guillain-Barré syndrome in Tasmania: a causal link: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34560365/>
14. COVID-19, Guillain-Barré and vaccineA dangerous mix: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34108736/>.
15. Guillain-Barré syndrome after the first dose of Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine: case report and review of reported cases: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34796417/>.
16. Guillain-Barre syndrome after BNT162b2 COVID-19 vaccine: <https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007%2Fs10072-021-05523-5>.
17. COVID-19 adenovirus vaccines and Guillain-Barré syndrome with facial palsy: <https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1002/ana.26258>.
18. Association of receipt association of Ad26.COV2.S COVID-19 vaccine with presumed Guillain-Barre syndrome, February-July 2021: <https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jama/fullarticle/2785009>
19. A case of Guillain-Barré syndrome after Pfizer COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34567447/>
20. Guillain-Barré syndrome associated with COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34648420/>.
21. Rate of recurrent Guillain-Barré syndrome after COVID-19 BNT162b2 mRNA vaccine: <https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jamaneurology/fullarticle/2783708>
22. Guillain-Barre syndrome after COVID-19 vaccination in an adolescent: [https://www.pedneur.com/article/S0887-8994\(21\)00221-6/fulltext](https://www.pedneur.com/article/S0887-8994(21)00221-6/fulltext).
23. Guillain-Barre syndrome after ChAdOx1-S / nCoV-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34114256/>.
24. Guillain-Barre syndrome after COVID-19 mRNA-1273 vaccine: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34767184/>.
25. Guillain-Barre syndrome following SARS-CoV-2 vaccination in 19 patients: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34644738/>.
26. Guillain-Barre syndrome presenting with facial diplegia following vaccination with COVID-19 in two patients: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34649856/>
27. A rare case of Guillain-Barré syndrome after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34671572/>
28. Neurological complications of COVID-19: Guillain-Barre syndrome after Pfizer COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33758714/>
29. COVID-19 vaccine causing Guillain-Barre syndrome, an uncommon potential side effect: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34484780/>

30. Guillain-Barre syndrome after the first dose of COVID-19 vaccination: case report; <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34779385/>.
31. Guillain-Barre syndrome after the first injection of ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine: first report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34217513/>.
32. A case of sensory ataxic Guillain-Barre syndrome with immunoglobulin G anti-GM1 antibodies after first dose of COVID-19 BNT162b2 mRNA vaccine (Pfizer): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34871447/>
33. A variant of Guillain-Barré syndrome after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: AMSAN: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34370408/>.
34. A rare variant of Guillain-Barré syndrome after vaccination with Ad26.COV2.S: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34703690/>.
35. Guillain-Barré syndrome after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination in a patient with previous vaccine-associated Guillain-Barré syndrome: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34810163/>
36. Guillain-Barré syndrome in an Australian state using mRNA and adenovirus-vector SARS-CoV-2 vaccines: <https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1002/ana.26218>
37. Variant Guillain-Barré syndrome occurring after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34114269/>
38. Guillain-Barre syndrome with axonal variant temporally associated with Modern SARS-CoV-2 mRNA-based vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34722067/>
39. Guillain-Barre syndrome after the first dose of SARS-CoV-2 vaccine: a temporary occurrence, not a causal association: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33968610/>
40. SARS-CoV-2 vaccines can be complicated not only by Guillain-Barré syndrome but also by distal small fiber neuropathy: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34525410/>
41. Clinical variant of Guillain-Barré syndrome with prominent facial diplegia after AstraZeneca 2019 coronavirus disease vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34808658/>
42. Miller-Fisher syndrome and Guillain-Barré syndrome overlap syndrome in a patient after Oxford-AstraZeneca SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34848426/>
43. Bilateral facial weakness with a variant of paresthesia of Guillain-Barre syndrome after Vaxzevria COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34261746/>

Lymphadenopathy (includes term: Unilateral, Supraclavicular And Cervical

A disease affecting the lymph nodes where the sizes of the lymph can be affected

1. Rare case of contralateral supraclavicular lymphadenopathy after vaccination with COVID-19: computed tomography and ultrasound findings: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34667486/>
2. COVID-19 mRNA vaccination-induced lymphadenopathy mimics lymphoma progression on FDG PET / CT: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33591026/>
3. Lymphadenopathy in COVID-19 vaccine recipients: diagnostic dilemma in oncology patients: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33625300/>

4. Hypermetabolic lymphadenopathy after administration of BNT162b2 mRNA vaccine Covid-19: incidence assessed by [18 F] FDG PET-CT and relevance for study interpretation: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33774684/>
5. Lymphadenopathy after COVID-19 vaccination: review of imaging findings: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33985872/>
6. Lymphadenopathy associated with COVID-19 vaccination on FDG PET/CT: distinguishing features in adenovirus-vectored vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34115709/>.
7. COVID-19 vaccination-induced lymphadenopathy in a specialized breast imaging clinic in Israel: analysis of 163 cases: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34257025/>.
8. Coronavirus disease vaccine 2019 mimics lymph node metastases in patients undergoing skin cancer follow-up: a single-center study: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34280870/>
9. COVID-19 post-vaccination lymphadenopathy: report of fine-needle aspiration biopsy cytologic findings: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34432391/>
10. Regional lymphadenopathy after COVID-19 vaccination: review of the literature and considerations for patient management in breast cancer care: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34731748/>
11. Adverse events of COVID injection that may occur in children. Acute-onset supraclavicular lymphadenopathy coincident with intramuscular mRNA vaccination against COVID-19 may be related to the injection technique of the vaccine, Spain, January and February 2021: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33706861/>
12. Supraclavicular lymphadenopathy after COVID-19 vaccination in Korea: serial follow-up by ultrasonography: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34116295/>
13. Oxford-AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccination induced lymphadenopathy on [18F] choline PET / CT, not just an FDG finding: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33661328/>
14. A case of cervical lymphadenopathy following COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34141500/>
15. Unilateral lymphadenopathy after COVID-19 vaccination: a practical management plan for radiologists of all specialties: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33713605/>
16. Supraclavicular lymphadenopathy after COVID-19 vaccination: an increasing presentation in the two-week wait neck lump clinic: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33685772/>
17. COVID-19 vaccination and lower cervical lymphadenopathy in two-week neck lump clinic: a follow-up audit: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33947605/>.
18. Cervical lymphadenopathy after coronavirus disease vaccination 2019: clinical features and implications for head and neck cancer services: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34526175/>
19. Lymphadenopathy associated with the COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33786231/>
20. Evolution of lymphadenopathy on PET/MRI
21. Massive cervical lymphadenopathy following vaccination with COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34601889/>

22. Acute-onset supraclavicular lymphadenopathy coincident with intramuscular mRNA vaccination against COVID-19 may be related to the injection technique of the vaccine, Spain, January and February 2021: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33706861/>
23. Supraclavicular lymphadenopathy after COVID-19 vaccination in Korea: serial follow-up by ultrasonography: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34116295/>
24. Oxford-AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccination induced lymphadenopathy on [18F] choline PET / CT, not just an FDG finding: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33661328/>
25. A case of cervical lymphadenopathy following COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34141500/>
26. Unilateral lymphadenopathy after COVID-19 vaccination: a practical management plan for radiologists of all specialties: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33713605/>
27. Supraclavicular lymphadenopathy after COVID-19 vaccination: an increasing presentation in the two-week wait neck lump clinic: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33685772/>
28. COVID-19 vaccination and lower cervical lymphadenopathy in two-week neck lump clinic: a follow-up audit: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33947605/>
29. Cervical lymphadenopathy after coronavirus disease vaccination 2019: clinical features and implications for head and neck cancer services: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34526175/>
30. Lymphadenopathy associated with the COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33786231/>
31. Evolution of lymphadenopathy on PET/MRI after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33625301/>
32. Massive cervical lymphadenopathy following vaccination with COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34601889/>
33. COVID-19 vaccine-related axillary and cervical lymphadenopathy in patients with current or previous breast cancer and other malignancies: cross-sectional imaging findings on MRI, CT and PET-CT: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34719892/>
34. Supraclavicular lymphadenopathy after COVID-19 vaccination in Korea: serial follow-up by ultrasonography: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34116295/>
35. Evolution of Lymphadenopathy at Pet/MRI after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33625301/>

Anaphylaxis (includes term: Anaphylactoid)

A severe, potentially life-threatening allergic reaction.

1. COVID-19 vaccine-associated anaphylaxis: a statement from the Anaphylaxis Committee of the World Allergy Organization.: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1939455121000119>.
2. Allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis, after receiving the first dose of the Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33475702/>

3. Allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis, after receiving the first dose of Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine – United States, December 14-23, 2020: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33444297/>
4. Allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis, after receiving first dose of Modern COVID-19 vaccine – United States, December 21, 2020-January 10, 2021: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33507892/>
5. Reports of anaphylaxis after coronavirus disease vaccination 2019, South Korea, February 26-April 30, 2021: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34414880/>
6. Reports of anaphylaxis after receiving COVID-19 mRNA vaccines in the U.S.-Dec 14, 2020-Jan 18, 2021: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33576785/>
7. Immunization practices and risk of anaphylaxis: a current, comprehensive update of COVID-19 vaccination data: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34269740/>
8. Relationship between pre-existing allergies and anaphylactic reactions following administration of COVID-19 mRNA vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34215453/>
9. Anaphylaxis Associated with COVID-19 mRNA Vaccines: Approach to Allergy Research: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33932618/>
10. Allergic reactions and anaphylaxis to LNP-based COVID-19 vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33571463/>
11. Cumulative adverse event report of anaphylaxis following injections of COVID-19 mRNA vaccine (Pfizer-BioNTech) in Japan: the first month report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34347278/>
12. COVID-19 vaccines increase the risk of anaphylaxis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33685103/>
13. Biphasic anaphylaxis after exposure to the first dose of the Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 mRNA vaccine COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34050949/>
14. Polyethylene glycol (PEG) is a cause of anaphylaxis to Pfizer / BioNTech mRNA COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33825239/>
15. Elevated rates of anaphylaxis after vaccination with Pfizer BNT162b2 mRNA vaccine against COVID-19 in Japanese healthcare workers; a secondary analysis of initial post-approval safety data: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34128049/>
16. .IgE-mediated allergy to polyethylene glycol (PEG) as a cause of anaphylaxis to COVID-19 mRNA vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34318537/>
17. Anaphylactic reactions to COVID-19 mRNA vaccines: a call for further studies: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33846043/> 188.
18. Anaphylaxis following Covid-19 vaccine in a patient with cholinergic urticaria: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33851711/>
19. Anaphylaxis induced by CoronaVac COVID-19 vaccine: clinical features and results of revaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34675550/>.
20. Anaphylaxis after Modern COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34734159/>
21. Sex differences in the incidence of anaphylaxis to LNP-mRNA vaccines COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34020815/>

22. Allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis, after receiving the first dose of Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine – United States, December 14 to 23, 2020: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33641264/>
23. Allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis, after receiving the first dose of Modern COVID-19 vaccine – United States, December 21, 2020 to January 10, 2021: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33641268/>
24. Prolonged anaphylaxis to Pfizer 2019 coronavirus disease vaccine: a case report and mechanism of action: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33834172/>
25. Anaphylaxis reactions to Pfizer BNT162b2 vaccine: report of 3 cases of anaphylaxis following vaccination with Pfizer BNT162b2: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34579211/>
26. Biphasic anaphylaxis after first dose of 2019 messenger RNA coronavirus disease vaccine with positive polysorbate 80 skin test result: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34343674/>
27. Biphasic anaphylaxis after exposure to the first dose of Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 mRNA vaccine COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34050949/>
28. Biphasic anaphylaxis after exposure to the first dose of Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 mRNA vaccine COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34050949/>
29. Iguchi, T., Umeda, H., Kojima, M., Kanno, Y., Tanaka, Y., Kinoshita, N., & Sato, D. (2021). Cumulative Adverse Event Reporting of Anaphylaxis After mRNA COVID-19 Vaccine (Pfizer-BioNTech) Injections in Japan: The First-Month Report. *Drug Saf*, 44(11), 1209-1214. doi:10.1007/s40264-021-01104-9. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34347278>
30. Team, C. C.-R., Food, & Drug, A. (2021). Allergic Reactions Including Anaphylaxis After Receipt of the First Dose of Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine – United States, December 14-23, 2020. *MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep*, 70(2), 46-51. doi: 10.15585/mmwr.mm7002e1. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/33444297>

Myopericarditis

A complication of acute pericarditis, is characterized by extension of pericardial inflammation to the myocardium, which manifests as an elevated troponin level. It is generally evaluated and treated as acute pericarditis.

1. Myopericarditis after Pfizer mRNA COVID-19 vaccination in adolescents: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S002234762100665X>
2. Myopericarditis after vaccination with COVID-19 mRNA in adolescents 12 to 18 years of age: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0022347621007368>
3. Important information on myopericarditis after vaccination with Pfizer COVID-19 mRNA in adolescents: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0022347621007496>
4. Insights from a murine model of COVID-19 mRNA vaccine-induced myopericarditis: could accidental intravenous injection of a vaccine induce myopericarditis <https://academic.oup.com/cid/advance-article/doi/10.1093/cid/ciab741/6359059>
5. Acute myocarditis after administration of BNT162b2 vaccine against COVID-19: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S188558572100133X>

6. Insights from a murine model of myopericarditis induced by COVID-19 mRNA vaccine: could accidental intravenous injection of a vaccine induce myopericarditis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34453510/>
7. COVID-19 mRNA vaccination and development of CMR-confirmed myopericarditis: <https://www.medrxiv.org/content/10.1101/2021.09.13.21262182v1.full?s=09>.
8. Intravenous injection of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) mRNA vaccine can induce acute myopericarditis in a mouse model: <https://t.co/j0IEM8cMXI>
9. Myopericarditis in a previously healthy adolescent male after COVID-19 vaccination: Case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34133825/>
10. Report of a case of myopericarditis after vaccination with BNT162b2 COVID-19 mRNA in a young Korean male: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34636504/>
11. Myopericarditis after Pfizer messenger ribonucleic acid coronavirus coronavirus disease vaccine in adolescents: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34228985/>
12. Acute myopericarditis after COVID-19 vaccine in adolescents: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34589238/>
13. Nygaard, U., Holm, M., Bohnstedt, C., Chai, Q., Schmidt, L. S., Hartling, U. B., . . . Stensballe, L. G. (2022). Population-based Incidence of Myopericarditis After COVID-19 Vaccination in Danish Adolescents. *Pediatr Infect Dis J*, 41(1), e25-e28. doi:10.1097/INF.0000000000003389. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34889875>
14. Schauer, J., Buddhe, S., Colyer, J., Sagiv, E., Law, Y., Mallenahalli Chikkabyrappa, S., & Portman, M. A. (2021). Myopericarditis After the Pfizer Messenger Ribonucleic Acid Coronavirus Disease Vaccine in Adolescents. *J Pediatr*, 238, 317-320. doi: 10.1016/j.jpeds.2021.06.083. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34228985>
15. Kohli, U., Desai, L., Chowdhury, D., Harahsheh, A. S., Yonts, A. B., Ansong, A., . . . Ang, J. Y. (2021). mRNA Coronavirus-19 Vaccine-Associated Myopericarditis in Adolescents: A Survey Study. *J Pediatr*. doi:10.1016/j.jpeds.2021.12.025. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34952008>
16. Long, S. S. (2021). Important Insights into Myopericarditis after the Pfizer mRNA COVID-19 Vaccination in Adolescents. *J Pediatr*, 238, 5. doi:10.1016/j.jpeds.2021.07.057. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34332972>
17. McLean, K., & Johnson, T. J. (2021). Myopericarditis in a previously healthy adolescent male following COVID-19 vaccination: A case report. *Acad Emerg Med*, 28(8), 918-921. doi:10.1111/acem.14322. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34133825>
18. Umei, T. C., Kishino, Y., Shiraishi, Y., Inohara, T., Yuasa, S., & Fukuda, K. (2021). Recurrence of myopericarditis following mRNA COVID-19 vaccination in a male adolescent. *CJC Open*. doi:10.1016/j.cjco.2021.12.002. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34904134>
19. Das, B. B., Kohli, U., Ramachandran, P., Nguyen, H. H., Greil, G., Hussain, T., . . . Khan, D. (2021). Myopericarditis after messenger RNA Coronavirus Disease 2019 Vaccination in Adolescents 12 to 18 Years of Age. *J Pediatr*, 238, 26-32 e21. doi: 10.1016/j.jpeds.2021.07.044. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34339728>
20. Gatti, M., Raschi, E., Moretti, U., Ardizzoni, A., Poluzzi, E., & Diemberger, I. (2021). Influenza Vaccination and Myo-Pericarditis in Patients Receiving Immune Checkpoint

Inhibitors: Investigating the Likelihood of Interaction through the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System and VigiBase. *Vaccines* (Basel), 9(1). doi:10.3390/vaccines9010019. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/33406694>

21. Myopericarditis in a previously healthy adolescent male after COVID-19 vaccination: Case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34133825/>

Allergic Reactions (Includes Term: Allergy)

A condition in which the immune system reacts abnormally to a foreign substance.

1. An academic hospital experience assessing the risk of COVID-19 mRNA vaccine using patient's allergy history: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2213219821007972>
2. Allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis, after receiving the first dose of the Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33475702/>
3. Allergic reactions to the first COVID-19 vaccine: a potential role of polyethylene glycol: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33320974/>
4. Pfizer Vaccine Raises Allergy Concerns: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33384356/>
5. Allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis, after receiving the first dose of Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine – United States, December 14-23, 2020: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33444297/>
6. Allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis, after receiving first dose of Modern COVID-19 vaccine – United States, December 21, 2020-January 10, 2021: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33507892/>
7. Severe Allergic Reactions after COVID-19 Vaccination with the Pfizer / BioNTech Vaccine in Great Britain and the USA: Position Statement of the German Allergy Societies: German Medical Association of Allergologists (AeDA), German Society for Allergology and Clinical Immunology (DGAKI) and Society for Pediatric Allergology and Environmental Medicine (GPA): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33643776/>
8. Allergic reactions and anaphylaxis to LNP-based COVID-19 vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33571463/>
9. Allergenic components of the mRNA-1273 vaccine for COVID-19: possible involvement of polyethylene glycol and IgG-mediated complement activation: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33657648/>
10. Acute allergic reactions to COVID-19 mRNA vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33683290/>
11. Polyethylene glycole allergy of the SARS CoV2 vaccine recipient: case report of a young adult recipient and management of future exposure to SARS-CoV2: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33919151/>
12. Allergic reactions and adverse events associated with administration of mRNA-based vaccines. A health system experience: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34474708/>
13. Allergic reactions to COVID-19 vaccines: statement of the Belgian Society of Allergy and Clinical Immunology (BelSACI): <https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/abs/10.1080/17843286.2021.1909447>

14. Allergic reactions after COVID-19 vaccination: putting the risk in perspective: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34463751/>
15. Risk of severe allergic reactions to COVID-19 vaccines among patients with allergic skin disease: practical recommendations. An ETFAD position statement with external experts: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33752263/>
16. Association of self-reported history of high-risk allergy with allergy symptoms after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34698847/>
17. Greenhawt, M., Abrams, E. M., Shaker, M., Chu, D. K., Khan, D., Akin, C., . . . Golden, D. B. K. (2021). The Risk of Allergic Reaction to SARS-CoV-2 Vaccines and Recommended Evaluation and Management: A Systematic Review, Meta-Analysis, GRADE Assessment, and International Consensus Approach. *J Allergy Clin Immunol Pract*, 9(10), 3546-3567. doi:10.1016/j.jaip.2021.06.006. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34153517>
18. Klimek, L., Bergmann, K. C., Brehler, R., Pfutzner, W., Zuberbier, T., Hartmann, K., . . . Worm, M. (2021). Practical handling of allergic reactions to COVID-19 vaccines: A position paper from German and Austrian Allergy Societies AeDA, DGAKI, GPA and OGAI. *Allergo J Int*, 1-17. doi:10.1007/s40629-021-00165-7. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/33898162>
19. Klimek, L., Novak, N., Hamelmann, E., Werfel, T., Wagenmann, M., Taube, C., . . . Worm, M. (2021). Severe allergic reactions after COVID-19 vaccination with the Pfizer/BioNTech vaccine in Great Britain and USA: Position statement of the German Allergy Societies: Medical Association of German Allergologists (AeDA), German Society for Allergology and Clinical Immunology (DGAKI) and Society for Pediatric Allergology and Environmental Medicine (GPA). *Allergo J Int*, 30(2), 51-55. doi: 10.1007/s40629-020-00160-4. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/33643776>
20. Warren, C. M., Snow, T. T., Lee, A. S., Shah, M. M., Heider, A., Blomkalns, A., . . . Nadeau, K. C. (2021). Assessment of Allergic and Anaphylactic Reactions to mRNA COVID-19 Vaccines With Confirmatory Testing in a US Regional Health System. *JAMA Netw Open*, 4(9), e2125524. doi:10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2021.25524. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34533570>

Bell's Palsy (Includes Terms: Facial Paralysis & Facial Palsy)

An unexplained episode of facial muscle weakness or paralysis. It begins suddenly and worsens over 48 hours. This condition results from damage to the facial nerve (the 7th cranial nerve). Pain and discomfort usually occur on one side of the face or head.

1. Bell's palsy and SARS-CoV-2 vaccines: an unfolding story: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1473309921002735>
2. Bell's palsy after the second dose of the Pfizer COVID-19 vaccine in a patient with a history of recurrent Bell's palsy: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S266635462100020X>
3. Bell's palsy after COVID-19 vaccination: case report: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S217358082100122X>.
4. The association between COVID-19 vaccination and Bell's palsy: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34411533/>

5. Bell's palsy after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33611630/>
6. Bell's palsy after 24 hours of mRNA-1273 SARS-CoV-2 mRNA-1273 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34336436/>
7. Bell's palsy after Ad26.COVS COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34014316/>
8. Bell's palsy after COVID-19 vaccination: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34330676/>
9. Acute facial paralysis as a possible complication of SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33975372/>.
10. Bell's palsy after COVID-19 vaccination with high antibody response in CSF: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34322761/>.
11. Bell's palsy after a single dose of vaccine mRNA. SARS-CoV-2: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34032902/>.
12. Adverse event reporting and risk of Bell's palsy after COVID-19 vaccination: [https://www.thelancet.com/journals/laninf/article/PIIS1473-3099\(21\)00646-0/fulltext](https://www.thelancet.com/journals/laninf/article/PIIS1473-3099(21)00646-0/fulltext).
13. Bilateral facial nerve palsy and COVID-19 vaccination: causality or coincidence: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34522557/>
14. Left Bell's palsy after the first dose of mRNA-1273 SARS-CoV-2 vaccine: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34763263/>.
15. Bell's palsy after inactivated vaccination with COVID-19 in a patient with a history of recurrent Bell's palsy: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34621891/>
16. Bell's palsy after vaccination with mRNA (BNT162b2) and inactivated (CoronaVac) SARS-CoV-2 vaccines: a case series and a nested case-control study: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34411532/>
17. A case of acute demyelinating polyradiculoneuropathy with bilateral facial palsy after ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34272622/>
18. Type I interferons as a potential mechanism linking COVID-19 mRNA vaccines with Bell's palsy: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33858693/>

Axillary adenopathy (includes term: Adenopathy)

Also called armpit lump, axillary lymphadenopathy occurs when your underarm (axilla) lymph nodes grow larger in size. While this condition may be concerning, it's usually attributed to a benign cause. It may also be temporary.

1. COVID-19 vaccine-induced axillary and pectoral lymphadenopathy in PET: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1930043321002612>
2. Evolution of bilateral hypermetabolic axillary hypermetabolic lymphadenopathy on FDG PET/CT after 2-dose COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34735411/>
3. COVID-19 vaccine-related axillary lymphadenopathy in breast cancer patients: case series with literature review: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34836672/>.

4. Subclinical axillary lymphadenopathy associated with COVID-19 vaccination on screening mammography: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34906409/>
5. Axillary adenopathy associated with COVID-19 vaccination: imaging findings and follow-up recommendations in 23 women: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33624520/>
6. Unilateral axillary adenopathy in the setting of COVID-19 vaccination: follow-up: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34298342/>
7. COVID-19 vaccine-related axillary and cervical lymphadenopathy in patients with current or previous breast cancer and other malignancies: cross-sectional imaging findings on MRI, CT and PET-CT: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34719892/>
8. Incidence of axillary adenopathy on breast imaging after vaccination with COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34292295/>.
9. Unilateral axillary lymphadenopathy related to COVID-19 vaccine: pattern on screening breast MRI allowing benign evaluation: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34325221/>
10. Axillary lymphadenopathy in patients with recent Covid-19 vaccination: a new diagnostic dilemma: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34825530/>.
11. COVID-19 vaccine-induced unilateral axillary adenopathy: follow-up evaluation in the USA: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34655312/>.
12. Axillary adenopathy associated with COVID-19 vaccination: imaging findings and follow-up recommendations in 23 women: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33624520/>
13. Unilateral axillary adenopathy in the setting of COVID-19 vaccination: follow-up: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34298342/>
14. Incidence of axillary adenopathy on breast imaging after vaccination with COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34292295/>.
15. Unilateral axillary lymphadenopathy related to COVID-19 vaccine: pattern on screening breast MRI allowing benign evaluation: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34325221/>
16. Axillary lymphadenopathy in patients with recent Covid-19 vaccination: a new diagnostic dilemma: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34825530/>.
17. COVID-19 vaccine-induced unilateral axillary adenopathy: follow-up evaluation in the USA: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34655312/>.
18. Adenopathy after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33625299/>.

Pericarditis

Swelling and irritation of the thin, saclike tissue surrounding your heart (pericardium). Pericarditis often causes sharp chest pain and sometimes other symptoms. The chest pain occurs when the irritated layers of the pericardium rub against each other.

1. Myocarditis and pericarditis after vaccination with COVID-19 mRNA: practical considerations for care providers: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0828282X21006243>

2. Myocarditis, pericarditis and cardiomyopathy after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1443950621011562>
3. Myocarditis and pericarditis after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jama/fullarticle/2782900>
4. Pericarditis after administration of BNT162b2 mRNA COVID-19 mRNA vaccine: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1885585721002218>
5. Epidemiology and clinical features of myocarditis/pericarditis before the introduction of COVID-19 mRNA vaccine in Korean children: a multicenter study <https://search.bvsalud.org/global-literature-on-novel-coronavirus-2019-ncov/resource/en/covidwho-1360706>.
6. Myocarditis, pericarditis, and cardiomyopathy after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34340927/>
7. Clinical Guidance for Young People with Myocarditis and Pericarditis after Vaccination with COVID-19 mRNA: <https://www.cps.ca/en/documents/position/clinical-guidance-for-youth-with-myocarditis-and-pericarditis>
8. Myocarditis / pericarditis associated with COVID-19 vaccine: https://science.gc.ca/eic/site/063.nsf/eng/h_98291.html
9. Acute myocarditis after the second dose of SARS-CoV-2 vaccine: serendipity or causal relationship: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34236331/>
10. Pericarditis after administration of COVID-19 mRNA BNT162b2 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34364831/>
11. Unusual presentation of acute pericarditis after vaccination against SARS-COV-2 mRNA-1237 Modern: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34447639/>
12. A case series of acute pericarditis after vaccination with COVID-19 in the context of recent reports from Europe and the United States: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34635376/>
13. Acute pericarditis and cardiac tamponade after vaccination with Covid-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34749492/>
14. Pericarditis after administration of the BNT162b2 mRNA vaccine COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34149145/>
15. Case report: symptomatic pericarditis post COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34693198/>.

Acute Myelitis (Includes Term: Transverse Myelitis)

An inflammation of the spinal cord which can disrupt the normal responses from the brain to the rest of the body, and from the rest of the body to the brain. Inflammation in the spinal cord, can cause the myelin and axon to be damaged resulting in symptoms such as paralysis and sensory loss. Myelitis is classified to several categories depending on the area or the cause of the lesion; however, any inflammatory attack on the spinal cord is often referred to as transverse myelitis.

1. Acute myelitis and ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine: coincidental or causal association: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0165572821002137>

2. Acute transverse myelitis (ATM): clinical review of 43 patients with COVID-19-associated ATM and 3 serious adverse events of post-vaccination ATM with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine (AZD1222): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33981305/>
3. Transverse myelitis induced by SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34458035/>
4. Acute transverse myelitis (ATM): clinical review of 43 patients with COVID-19-associated ATM and 3 serious adverse events of post-vaccination ATM with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 (AZD1222) vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33981305/>.
5. Acute transverse myelitis after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34684047/>.
6. Extensive longitudinal transverse myelitis after ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34641797/>.
7. Acute transverse myelitis after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: case report and review of the literature: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34482455/>.
8. Acute transverse myelitis following inactivated COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34370410/>
9. Acute transverse myelitis after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34579245/>.
10. A case of longitudinally extensive transverse myelitis following Covid-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34182207/>
11. Post COVID-19 transverse myelitis; a case report with review of the literature: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34457267/>.
12. Acute bilateral optic neuritis/chiasm with longitudinal extensive transverse myelitis in long-standing stable multiple sclerosis after vector-based vaccination against SARS-CoV-2: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34131771/>
13. Extensive longitudinal transverse myelitis following AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34507942/>.
14. Extensive longitudinal transverse myelitis following AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34507942/>.
15. Longitudinally extensive cervical myelitis after vaccination with inactivated virus based COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34849183/>

Perimyocarditis

An acute inflammation of the pericardium and the underlying myocardium resulting in myocellular damage. It is usually asymptomatic with complete resolution in most cases. It can however lead to fulminant cardiac failure resulting in death or requiring cardiac transplantation.

1. Perimyocarditis in adolescents after Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine: <https://academic.oup.com/jpids/advance-article/doi/10.1093/jpids/piab060/6329543>

2. Perimyocarditis in adolescents after Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34319393/>
3. Unusual presentation of acute perimyocarditis after modern SARS-CoV-2 mRNA-1273 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34447639/>
4. Perimyocarditis after the first dose of mRNA-1273 SARS-CoV-2 (Modern) mRNA-1273 vaccine in a young healthy male: case report: <https://bmccardiovascdisord.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/s12872-021-02183>
5. Acute perimyocarditis after the first dose of COVID-19 mRNA vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34515024/>
6. Perimyocarditis after vaccination with COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34866957/>
7. Tinoco, M., Leite, S., Faria, B., Cardoso, S., Von Hafe, P., Dias, G., . . . Lourenco, A. (2021). Perimyocarditis Following COVID-19 Vaccination. Clin Med Insights Cardiol, 15, 11795468211056634. doi:10.1177/11795468211056634. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34866957>
8. Jhaveri, R., Adler-Shohet, F. C., Blyth, C. C., Chiotos, K., Gerber, J. S., Green, M., . . . Zaoutis, T. (2021). Weighing the Risks of Perimyocarditis With the Benefits of SARS-CoV-2 mRNA Vaccination in Adolescents. J Pediatric Infect Dis Soc, 10(10), 937-939. doi:10.1093/jpids/piab061. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34270752>
9. Khogali, F., & Abdelrahman, R. (2021). Unusual Presentation of Acute Perimyocarditis Following SARS-CoV-2 mRNA-1273 Moderna Vaccination. Cureus, 13(7), e16590. doi:10.7759/cureus.16590. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34447639>
10. Hasnie, A. A., Hasnie, U. A., Patel, N., Aziz, M. U., Xie, M., Lloyd, S. G., & Prabhu, S. D. (2021). Perimyocarditis following first dose of the mRNA-1273 SARS-CoV-2 (Moderna) vaccine in a healthy young male: a case report. BMC Cardiovasc Disord, 21(1), 375. doi:10.1186/s12872-021-02183-3. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34348657>

Intracerebral Haemorrhage (Includes Term: Stroke)

Intracerebral hemorrhage (bleeding into the brain tissue) is the second most common cause of stroke (15-30% of strokes) and the most deadly. Blood vessels carry blood to and from the brain. Arteries or veins can rupture, either from abnormal pressure or abnormal development or trauma.

1. Intracerebral haemorrhage due to thrombosis with thrombocytopenia syndrome after COVID-19 vaccination: the first fatal case in Korea: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34402235/>
2. Intracerebral haemorrhage twelve days after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34477089/>
3. Neurosurgical considerations regarding decompressive craniectomy for intracerebral hemorrhage after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination in vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia-VITT: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34202817/>
4. First dose of ChAdOx1 and BNT162b2 COVID-19 vaccines and thrombocytopenic, thromboembolic, and hemorrhagic events in Scotland: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34108714/>

5. Large hemorrhagic stroke after vaccination against ChAdOx1 nCoV-19: a case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34273119/>
6. Major hemorrhagic stroke after ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccination: a case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34273119/>
7. Aphasia seven days after the second dose of an mRNA-based SARS-CoV-2 vaccine. Brain MRI revealed an intracerebral haemorrhage (ICBH) in the left temporal lobe in a 52-year-old man. <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2589238X21000292#f0005>
8. Incidence of acute ischemic stroke after coronavirus vaccination in Indonesia: case series: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34579636/>

Immune-Mediated Hepatitis

Defined as an elevation in the patient's liver function tests that requires corticosteroids and that has no alternate etiology.

1. Autoimmune hepatitis developing after coronavirus disease vaccine 2019 (COVID-19): causality or victim?: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33862041/>
2. Autoimmune hepatitis triggered by vaccination against SARS-CoV-2: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34332438/>
3. Acute autoimmune-like hepatitis with atypical antimitochondrial antibody after vaccination with COVID-19 mRNA: a new clinical entity: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34293683/>.
4. Autoimmune hepatitis after COVID vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34225251/>
5. Hepatitis C virus reactivation after COVID-19 vaccination: a case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34512037/>
6. Autoimmune hepatitis developing after ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine (Oxford-AstraZeneca): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34171435/>
7. Autoimmune hepatitis triggered by SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34332438/>.
8. Immune-mediated hepatitis with the Moderna vaccine is no longer a coincidence but confirmed: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0168827821020936>

Facial Nerve Palsy

Patients cannot move the upper and lower part of their face on one side.

1. Facial nerve palsy following administration of COVID-19 mRNA vaccines: analysis of self-report database: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1201971221007049>
2. COVID-19 vaccination association and facial nerve palsy: A case-control study: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34165512/>
3. Sequential contralateral facial nerve palsy after first and second doses of COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34281950/>.

4. Peripheral facial nerve palsy after vaccination with BNT162b2 (COVID-19): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33734623/>
5. Facial nerve palsy after administration of COVID-19 mRNA vaccines: analysis of self-report database: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34492394/>
6. A case of acute demyelinating polyradiculoneuropathy with bilateral facial palsy following ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34272622/>

Neurological Symptoms (Includes Terms: Neurological Side Effects & Neurological Complications)

Medically defined as disorders that affect the brain as well as the nerves found throughout the human body and the spinal cord.

1. Neurological symptoms and neuroimaging alterations related to COVID-19 vaccine: cause or coincidence: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0899707121003557>.
2. Neurological symptoms and neuroimaging alterations related to COVID-19 vaccine: cause or coincidence?: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34507266/>
3. Spectrum of neurological complications after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34719776/>.
4. n-hospital observational study of neurological disorders in patients recently vaccinated with COVID-19 mRNA vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34688190/>
5. Neurological side effects of SARS-CoV-2 vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34750810/>
6. Neurological complications after the first dose of COVID-19 vaccines and SARS-CoV-2 infection: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34697502/>

Haemorrhage (includes terms: cerebral, lobar, acral and retinal)

The release of blood from a broken bloody vessel, either inside or outside the body

1. Lobar hemorrhage with ventricular rupture shortly after the first dose of an mRNA-based SARS-CoV-2 vaccine: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/labs/pmc/articles/PMC8553377/>
2. Retinal hemorrhage after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34884407/>.
3. Lobar hemorrhage with ventricular rupture shortly after the first dose of a SARS-CoV-2 mRNA-based SARS-CoV-2 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34729467/>
4. Acral hemorrhage after administration of the second dose of SARS-CoV-2 vaccine. A post-vaccination reaction: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34092400/742>.
5. Fatal cerebral hemorrhage after COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33928772/>

6. Intracerebral hemorrhage associated with vaccine-induced thrombotic thrombocytopenia after ChAdOx1 nCOVID-19 vaccination in a pregnant woman: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34261297/>

Immune-Mediated Disease Outbreaks

Autoimmune diseases occur when the immune system produces antibodies that attack the body's own cells. There are many types, including Coeliac disease, lupus and Graves' disease. Although they can't be cured, there are various treatment options to manage the symptoms and reduce further damage to your body.

1. Immune-mediated disease outbreaks or recent-onset disease in 27 subjects after mRNA/DNA vaccination against SARS-CoV-2: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33946748/>
2. Severe autoimmune hemolytic autoimmune anemia after receiving SARS-CoV-2 mRNA vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34549821/>
3. Severe autoimmune hemolytic anemia after receipt of SARS-CoV-2 mRNA vaccine: <https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/trf.16672>
4. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34127481>
5. Autoimmune encephalitis after ChAdOx1-S SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34846583/>
6. Immune-mediated disease outbreaks or new-onset disease in 27 subjects after mRNA/DNA vaccination against SARS-CoV-2: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33946748/>

Takotsubo cardiomyopathy

A temporary heart condition that develops in response to an intense emotional or physical experience. It's also known as stress cardiomyopathy or broken heart syndrome. In this condition, the heart's main pumping chamber changes shape, affecting the heart's ability to pump blood effectively. Death is rare, but heart failure occurs in about 20% of patients. Rarely reported complications include arrhythmias (abnormal heart rhythms), obstruction of blood flow from the left ventricle, and rupture of the ventricle wall.

1. Myocarditis, pericarditis and cardiomyopathy after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1443950621011562>
2. Takotsubo cardiomyopathy after vaccination with mRNA COVID-19: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1443950621011331>
3. Takotsubo (stress) cardiomyopathy after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34625447/>
4. Takotsubo cardiomyopathy after coronavirus 2019 vaccination in patient on maintenance hemodialysis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34731486/>.
5. Takotsubo syndrome after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34539938/>.

Cardiac

Cardiac complications include myocardial injury, heart failure (HF), cardiogenic shock, multisystem inflammatory syndrome in adults, and cardiac arrhythmias including sudden cardiac arrest.

1. Transient cardiac injury in adolescents receiving the BNT162b2 mRNA COVID-19 vaccine: https://journals.lww.com/pidj/Abstract/9000/Transient_Cardiac_Injury_in_Adolescents_Receiving.95800.aspx
2. Snapiri, O., Rosenberg Danziger, C., Shirman, N., Weissbach, A., Lowenthal, A., Ayalon, I., . . . Bilavsky, E. (2021). Transient Cardiac Injury in Adolescents Receiving the BNT162b2 mRNA COVID-19 Vaccine. *Pediatr Infect Dis J*, 40(10), e360-e363. doi:10.1097/INF.0000000000003235. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34077949>
3. Fazlollahi, A., Zahmatyar, M., Noori, M., Nejadghaderi, S. A., Sullman, M. J. M., Shekarriz-Foumani, R., . . . Safiri, S. (2021). Cardiac complications following mRNA COVID-19 vaccines: A systematic review of case reports and case series. *Rev Med Virol*, e2318. doi:10.1002/rmv.2318. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34921468>
4. Ho, J. S., Sia, C. H., Ngiam, J. N., Loh, P. H., Chew, N. W., Kong, W. K., & Poh, K. K. (2021). A review of COVID-19 vaccination and the reported cardiac manifestations. *Singapore Med J*. doi:10.11622/smedj.2021210. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34808708>
5. Temporal relationship between the second dose of BNT162b2 mRNA Covid-19 vaccine and cardiac involvement in a patient with previous SARS-COV-2 infection: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2352906721000622>

Post-Mortem (includes term: Postmortem)

See papers below.

1. Sessa, F., Salerno, M., Esposito, M., Di Nunno, N., Zamboni, P., & Pomara, C. (2021). Autopsy Findings and Causality Relationship between Death and COVID-19 Vaccination: A Systematic Review. *J Clin Med*, 10(24). doi:10.3390/jcm10245876. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34945172>
2. Post-mortem investigation of deaths after vaccination with COVID-19 vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34591186/>
3. A look at the role of postmortem immunohistochemistry in understanding the inflammatory pathophysiology of COVID-19 disease and vaccine-related thrombotic adverse events: a narrative review: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34769454/>
4. COVID-19 vaccine and death: causality algorithm according to the WHO eligibility diagnosis: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34073536/>
5. Post-mortem investigation of deaths after vaccination with COVID-19 vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34591186/>

Rhabdomyolysis

A serious syndrome due to a direct or indirect muscle injury. It results from the death of muscle fibers and release of their contents into the bloodstream. This can lead to serious complications such as renal (kidney) failure. This means the kidneys cannot remove waste and concentrated urine. In rare cases, rhabdomyolysis can even cause death.

1. Rhabdomyolysis and fasciitis induced by the COVID-19 mRNA vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34435250/>
2. COVID-19 vaccine-induced rhabdomyolysis: case report with literature review: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34186348/>
3. COVID-19 vaccine-induced rhabdomyolysis: case report with review of the literature: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1871402121001880>
4. Rhabdomyolysis and fasciitis induced by COVID-19 mRNA vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34435250/>.
5. Case report: ANCA-associated vasculitis presenting with rhabdomyolysis and crescentic Pauci-Immune glomerulonephritis after vaccination with Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 mRNA: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34659268/>

Thrombotic Thrombocytopenic Purpura

A disorder that causes blood clots (thrombi) to form in small blood vessels throughout the body. These clots can cause serious medical problems if they block vessels and restrict blood flow to organs such as the brain, kidneys, and heart.

1. Thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura after vaccination with Ad26.COV2-S: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33980419/>
2. Thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura: a new threat after COVID bnt162b2 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34264514/>.
3. Severe immune thrombocytopenic purpura after SARS-CoV-2 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34754937/>
4. Immune thrombocytopenic purpura associated with COVID-19 mRNA vaccine Pfizer-BioNTech BNT16B2b2: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34077572/>

Cardiovascular events

Refer to any incidents that may cause damage to the heart muscle.

1. Myocarditis and other cardiovascular complications of COVID-19 mRNA-based COVID-19 vaccines <https://www.cureus.com/articles/61030-myocarditis-and-other-cardiovascular-complications-of-the-mrna-based-covid-19-vaccines>
2. Cardiovascular magnetic resonance imaging findings in young adult patients with acute myocarditis after COVID-19 mRNA vaccination: a case series: <https://jcmr-online.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/s12968-021-00795-4>

3. Be alert to the risk of adverse cardiovascular events after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://www.xiahepublishing.com/m/2472-0712/ERHM-2021-00033>
4. Myocarditis and other cardiovascular complications of mRNA-based COVID-19 vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34277198/>

Acute Hyperactive Encephalopathy (Includes Terms: Acute Encephalopathy & Encephalitis)

A general brain dysfunction due to significantly high blood pressure. Symptoms may include headache, vomiting, trouble with balance, and confusion. Onset is generally sudden. Complications can include seizures, posterior reversible encephalopathy syndrome, and bleeding in the back of the eye.

1. Acute hyperactive encephalopathy following COVID-19 vaccination with dramatic response to methylprednisolone: a case report: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2049080121007536>
2. Post-vaccinal encephalitis after ChAdOx1 nCov-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34324214/>
3. Acute disseminated encephalomyelitis following vaccination against SARS-CoV-2: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34325334/>
4. Acute hyperactive encephalopathy following COVID-19 vaccination with dramatic response to methylprednisolone: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34512961/>

Acute Kidney Injury

A sudden episode of kidney failure or kidney damage that occurs within a few hours or a few days

1. Minimal change disease with severe acute kidney injury after Oxford-AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccine: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34242687/>.
2. Acute kidney injury with macroscopic hematuria and IgA nephropathy after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34352309/>
3. AstraZeneca): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34362727/>
4. Minimal change disease and acute kidney injury after Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34000278/>

Multiple sclerosis

A potentially disabling disease of the brain and spinal cord (central nervous system).

1. Severe relapse of multiple sclerosis after COVID-19 vaccination: a case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34447349/>
2. Acute relapse and impaired immunization after COVID-19 vaccination in a patient with multiple sclerosis treated with rituximab: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34015240>

- Humoral response induced by Prime-Boost vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 and BNT162b2 mRNA vaccines in a patient with multiple sclerosis treated with teriflunomide: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34696248/>

Henoch-Schonlein Purpura

Affects the small blood vessels of the skin, joints, intestines and kidneys. It's most common before the age of seven but can affect anyone. A disorder causing inflammation and bleeding in the small blood vessels.

- A rare case of Henoch-Schönlein purpura after a case report of COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34518812/>
- Henoch-Schönlein purpura occurring after vaccination with COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34247902/>.
- Henoch-Schönlein purpura following the first dose of COVID-19 viral vector vaccine: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34696186/>.

Bleeding episodes

Major episodes include most joint bleeds, bleeding into large muscles, muscle bleeds with signs of compartment syndrome, life-threatening bleeds, and surgery. These usually require a 70% – 100% correction and more than one infusion. The exact dose will depend on the individual and on HTC policy.

- Blood clots and bleeding episodes after BNT162b2 and ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccination: analysis of European data: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0896841121000937>
- Association between ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccination and bleeding episodes: large population-based cohort study: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34479760/>.
- Association between ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccination and bleeding episodes: large population-based cohort study: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34479760/>.

Cutaneous Adverse Effects

Also known as toxidermia, are skin manifestations resulting from systemic drug administration. These reactions range from mild erythematous skin lesions to much more severe reactions such as Lyell's syndrome.

- Cutaneous adverse effects of available COVID-19 vaccines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34518015/>
- Rare cutaneous adverse effects of COVID-19 vaccines: a case series and review of the literature: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34363637/>
- Cutaneous adverse reactions of 35,229 doses of COVID-19 Sinovac and AstraZeneca vaccine COVID-19: a prospective cohort study in health care workers: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34661934/>

Skin Reactions

An allergic reaction can cause rash, itching, burning, redness, bumps, hives, and swelling.

1. A case series of skin reactions to COVID-19 vaccine in the Department of Dermatology at Loma Linda University: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34423106/>
2. Skin reactions reported after Moderna and Pfizer's COVID-19 vaccination: a study based on a registry of 414 cases: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33838206/>
3. Skin reactions after vaccination against SARS-CoV-2: a nationwide Spanish cross-sectional study of 405 cases: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34254291/>

Coagulopathies (includes term: Prothrombotic)

Is often broadly defined as any derangement of hemostasis resulting in either excessive bleeding or clotting, although most typically it is defined as impaired clot formation.

1. Coagulopathies after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination may derive from a combined effect of SARS-CoV-2 spike protein and adenovirus vector-activated signaling pathways: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34639132/>
2. Diffuse prothrombotic syndrome after administration of ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34615534/>
3. Calcaterra, G., Bassareo, P. P., Barilla, F., Romeo, F., & Mehta, J. L. (2022). Concerning the unexpected prothrombotic state following some coronavirus disease 2019 vaccines. *J Cardiovasc Med (Hagerstown)*, 23(2), 71-74. doi:10.2459/JCM.0000000000001232. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34366403>

Multisystem Inflammatory Syndrome (includes term: Autoantibody Release)

A condition where different body parts can become inflamed, including the heart, lungs, kidneys, brain, skin, eyes, or gastrointestinal organs.

1. Post-vaccination multisystem inflammatory syndrome in adults without evidence of prior SARS-CoV-2 infection: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34852213/>
2. Buchhorn, R., Meyer, C., Schulze-Forster, K., Junker, J., & Heidecke, H. (2021). Autoantibody Release in Children after Corona Virus mRNA Vaccination: A Risk Factor of Multisystem Inflammatory Syndrome? *Vaccines (Basel)*, 9(11). doi:10.3390/vaccines9111353. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34835284>

3. Chai, Q., Nygaard, U., Schmidt, R. C., Zaremba, T., Moller, A. M., & Thorvig, C. M. (2022). Multisystem inflammatory syndrome in a male adolescent after his second Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine. *Acta Paediatr*, 111(1), 125-127. doi:10.1111/apa.16141.

Vogt-Koyanagi-Harada syndrome

A rare disorder of unknown origin that affects many body systems, including as the eyes, ears, skin, and the covering of the brain and spinal cord (the meninges). The most noticeable symptom is a rapid loss of vision.

1. Vogt-Koyanagi-Harada syndrome after COVID-19 and ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 (AZD1222) vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34462013/>.
2. Reactivation of Vogt-Koyanagi-Harada disease under control for more than 6 years, after anti-SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34224024/>

Capillary Leak Syndrome (Includes Term: Systemic Capillary Extravasation Syndrome)

A rare disorder by acute and severe recurrent attacks associated with a rapid fall in blood pressure as a result of fluid leaks from smaller vessels called capillaries. Attacks often last several days and require emergency care. They are sometimes life threatening. SCLS occurs most often in adults and the disease is very rare in children.

1. Fatal systemic capillary leak syndrome after SARS-COV-2 vaccination in a patient with multiple myeloma: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34459725/>
2. Systemic capillary extravasation syndrome following vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 (Oxford-AstraZeneca): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34362727/>

Systemic Lupus Erythematosus

An autoimmune disease in which the immune system attacks its own tissues, causing widespread inflammation and tissue damage in the affected organs. It can affect the joints, skin, brain, lungs, kidneys, and blood vessels. Treatment can help, but this condition can't be cured.

1. Induction and exacerbation of subacute cutaneous lupus erythematosus erythematosus after mRNA- or adenoviral vector-based SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34291477/>
2. Ntouros, P. A., Vlachogiannis, N. I., Pappa, M., Nezos, A., Mavragani, C. P., Tektonidou, M. G., . . . Sfikakis, P. P. (2021). Effective DNA damage response after acute but not chronic immune challenge: SARS-CoV-2 vaccine versus Systemic Lupus Erythematosus. *Clin Immunol*, 229, 108765. doi:10.1016/j.clim.2021.108765. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34089859>

Petechiae (also includes: Petechial rash)

Tiny purple, red, or brown spots on the skin. They usually appear on your arms, legs, stomach, and buttocks. You might also find them inside your mouth or on your eyelids. These pinpoint spots can be a sign of many different conditions — some minor, others serious. They can also appear as a reaction to certain medications. Though petechiae look like a rash, they're actually caused by bleeding under the skin.

1. Petechiae and peeling of fingers after immunization with BTN162b2 messenger RNA (mRNA)-based COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34513435/>
2. Petechial rash associated with CoronaVac vaccination: first report of cutaneous side effects before phase 3 results: <https://ejhp.bmj.com/content/early/2021/05/23/ejpharm-2021-002794>

Purpura Annularis Telangiectodes

An uncommon pigmented purpuric eruption, which is characterized by symmetrical, purpuric, telangiectatic, and atrophic patches with a predilection for the lower extremities and buttocks.

1. Purpuric rash and thrombocytopenia after mRNA-1273 (Modern) COVID-19 vaccine: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC7996471/>
2. Generalized purpura annularis telangiectodes after SARS-CoV-2 mRNA vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34236717/>

Pulmonary Embolism

Pulmonary embolism is a blockage in one of the pulmonary arteries in your lungs. In most cases, pulmonary embolism is caused by blood clots that travel to the lungs from deep veins in the legs or, rarely, from veins in other parts of the body (deep vein thrombosis). Because the clots block blood flow to the lungs, pulmonary embolism can be life-threatening.

1. Pulmonary embolism, transient ischemic attack, and thrombocytopenia after Johnson & Johnson COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34261635/>
2. A case of acute pulmonary embolism after immunization with SARS-CoV-2 mRNA: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34452028/>

Psoriasis

A chronic autoimmune condition that causes the rapid buildup of skin cells. This buildup of cells causes scaling on the skin's surface. Inflammation and redness around the scales is fairly common. Typical psoriatic scales are whitish-silver and develop in thick, red patches. Sometimes, these patches will crack and bleed.

1. Onset / outbreak of psoriasis after Corona virus ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine (Oxford-AstraZeneca / Covishield): report of two cases: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34350668/>
2. Exacerbation of plaque psoriasis after COVID-19 inactivated mRNA and BNT162b2 vaccines: report of two cases: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34427024/>

Miller Fisher Syndrome

A rare acquired nerve disease related to Guillain-Barré syndrome (GBS). Features include weakness of the eye muscles causing difficulty moving the eyes; impaired limb coordination and unsteadiness; and absent tendon reflexes.

1. Miller Fisher syndrome after Pfizer COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34817727/>.
2. Miller Fisher syndrome after 2019 BNT162b2 mRNA coronavirus vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34789193/>.

Nephrotic Syndrome

Kidney disorder that causes your body to pass too much protein in your urine. Nephrotic syndrome is usually caused by damage to the clusters of small blood vessels in your kidneys that filter waste and excess water from your blood

1. Nephrotic syndrome after ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine against SARS-CoV-2: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34250318/>.
2. New-onset nephrotic syndrome after Janssen COVID-19 vaccination: case report and literature review: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34342187/>

Macroscopic Hematuria

Visible blood in the urine causing it to be discoloured pink, red, brownish-red or tea-coloured.

1. Hematuria, a generalized petechial rash and headaches after Oxford AstraZeneca ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34620638/>
2. A case of outbreak of macroscopic hematuria and IgA nephropathy after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33932458/>

Bullous Drug Eruption

Refers to adverse drug reactions that result in fluid-filled blisters or bullae. Blistering may be localised and mild, or widespread and severe, even life-threatening.

1. Bullous drug eruption after the second dose of COVID-19 mRNA-1273 (Moderna) vaccine: Case report: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1876034121001878>.

2. Widespread fixed bullous drug eruption after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34482558/>

Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis

An aggressive and life-threatening syndrome of excessive immune activation. It most frequently affects infants from birth to 18 months of age, but the disease is also observed in children and adults of all ages.

1. Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCov-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34406660/>.
2. Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis following COVID-19 vaccination (ChAdOx1 nCoV-19): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34862234/>

Pulmonary Embolism

Pulmonary embolism is a blockage in one of the pulmonary arteries in your lungs. In most cases, pulmonary embolism is caused by blood clots that travel to the lungs from deep veins in the legs or, rarely, from veins in other parts of the body (deep vein thrombosis). Because the clots block blood flow to the lungs, pulmonary embolism can be life-threatening.

1. Isolated pulmonary embolism after COVID vaccination: 2 case reports and a review of acute pulmonary embolism complications and follow-up: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34804412/>
2. Myocardial infarction, stroke, and pulmonary embolism after BNT162b2 mRNA COVID-19 vaccine in persons aged 75 years or older: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34807248/>

Neuromyelitis Optica

also called NMO or Devic's disease, is a rare yet severe demyelinating autoimmune inflammatory process affecting the central nervous system. It specifically affects the myelin, which is the insulation around the nerves

1. Beware of neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder after vaccination with inactivated virus for COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34189662/>
2. Neuromyelitis optica in a healthy woman after vaccination against severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 mRNA-1273: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34660149/>

Shingles (includes term: Herpes zoster)

a reactivation of the chickenpox virus in the body, causing a painful rash.

1. Shingles-like skin lesion after vaccination with AstraZeneca for COVID-19: a case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34631069/>
2. Recurrent herpes zoster after COVID-19 vaccination in patients with chronic urticaria on cyclosporine treatment – A report of 3 cases: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34510694/>

Blood Clots

A gelatinous mass of fibrin and blood cells formed by the coagulation of blood.

1. Blood clots and bleeding after BNT162b2 and ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccination: an analysis of European data: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34174723/>

Thrombophilia

A blood disorder that makes the blood in your veins and arteries more likely to clot. This is also known as a "hypercoagulable" condition because your blood coagulates or clots more easily.

1. Antiphospholipid antibodies and risk of thrombophilia after COVID-19 vaccination: the straw that breaks the camel's back?: <https://docs.google.com/document/d/1XzajasO8VMMnC3CdxSBKks1o7kiOLXFQ>

iTTP episode

A rare, life-threatening thrombotic microangiopathy caused by severe ADAMTS13 (a disintegrin and metalloproteinase with thrombospondin motifs 13) deficiency, recurring in 30–50% of patients.

1. First report of a de novo iTTP episode associated with a COVID-19 mRNA-based anti-COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34105244/>

Refractory Status Epilepticus

Can be defined as status epilepticus (seizures) that continues despite treatment with benzodiazepines and one antiepileptic drug. RSE should be treated promptly to prevent morbidity and mortality; however, scarce evidence is available to support the choice of specific treatments.

1. New-onset refractory status epilepticus after chadox1 ncov-19 vaccination: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0165572821001569>

Central Serous Retinopathy

A medical condition where fluid builds up behind the retina in the eye. It can cause sudden or gradual vision loss as the central retina detaches. This central area is called the macula.

1. Acute-onset central serous retinopathy after immunization with COVID-19 mRNA vaccine: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2451993621001456>.

Cutaneous Reactions

A group of potentially lethal adverse drug reactions that involve the skin and mucous membranes of various body openings such as the eyes, ears, and inside the nose, mouth, and lips.

1. Late cutaneous reactions after administration of COVID-19 mRNA vaccines: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2213219821007996>

Prion Disease

Prion diseases comprise several conditions. A prion is a type of protein that can trigger normal proteins in the brain to fold abnormally. Prion diseases or transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (TSEs) are a family of rare progressive neurodegenerative disorders that affect both humans and animals. They are distinguished by long incubation periods, characteristic spongiform changes associated with neuronal loss, and a failure to induce inflammatory

1. COVID-19 RNA-based vaccines and the risk of prion disease: <https://scivisionpub.com/pdfs/covid19rna-based-vaccines-and-the-risk-of-prion-disease-1503.pdf>

Pregnant Woman

See below studies.

1. This study notes that 115 pregnant women lost their babies, out of 827 who participated in a study on the safety of covid-19 vaccines: <https://www.nejm.org/doi/full/10.1056/NEJMoa2104983>.

Process-Related Impurities

See below studies.

1. Process-related impurities in the ChAdOx1 nCov-19 vaccine: <https://www.researchsquare.com/article/rs-477964/v1>

CNS Inflammation

A disease that causes inflammation of the small arteries and veins in the brain and/or spinal cord. The brain and spinal cord make up the CNS. Intense interest in inflammation in the CNS has arisen from its potential role in diseases including acute brain injury, stroke, epilepsy, multiple sclerosis, motor neurone disease, movement disorders and Alzheimer's disease, and more recently some psychiatric disorders.

1. COVID-19 mRNA vaccine causing CNS inflammation: a case series: <https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s00415-021-10780-7>

CNS Demyelination

a demyelinating disease is any condition that results in damage to the protective covering (myelin sheath) that surrounds nerve fibers in your brain, optic nerves and spinal cord. When the myelin sheath is damaged, nerve impulses slow or even stop, causing neurological problems.

1. A systematic review of cases of CNS demyelination following COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34839149/>

Orofacial

An orofacial myofunctional disorder (OMD) is when there is an abnormal lip, jaw, or tongue position during rest, swallowing or speech.

1. Reported orofacial adverse effects from COVID-19 vaccines: the known and the unknown: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33527524/>

Brain Haemorrhage (Includes Term: Lobar Hemorrhage)

An emergency condition in which a ruptured blood vessel causes bleeding inside the brain.

1. Fatal brain haemorrhage after COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33928772/>

Varicella Zoster Virus

The varicella-zoster virus (VZV) is so named because it causes two distinct illnesses: varicella (chickenpox), following primary infection, and herpes zoster (shingles), following reactivation of latent virus. Varicella is a highly contagious infection with an incubation period of 10–21 days, most commonly 14–16 days, after which a characteristic rash appears. Acute varicella may be complicated by secondary bacterial skin infections, haemorrhagic complications, cerebellitis, encephalitis, and viral and bacterial pneumonia.

1. Acute retinal necrosis due to varicella zoster virus reactivation after vaccination with BNT162b2 COVID-19 mRNA: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34851795/>.

Nerve And Muscle Adverse Events

Many different possible neurologic adverse events including encephalitis, myelopathy, aseptic meningitis, meningoradiculitis, Guillain-Barré-like syndrome, peripheral neuropathy (including mononeuropathy, mononeuritis multiplex, and polyneuropathy) as well as myasthenic syndrome.

1. Nerve and muscle adverse events after vaccination with COVID-19: a systematic review and meta-analysis of clinical trials: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34452064/>.

Oculomotor Paralysis

Defines the decreased strength of a muscle, which produces a reduced rotational movement of the eyeball in the direction corresponding to the paralysed muscle. Partial deficit is called paresis, while full deficit is called paralysis.

1. Transient oculomotor paralysis after administration of RNA-1273 messenger vaccine for SARS-CoV-2 diplopia after COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34369471/>

Parsonage-Turner Syndrome

An neurological disorder characterized by rapid onset of severe pain in the shoulder and arm. This acute phase may last for a few hours to a few weeks and is followed by wasting and weakness of the muscles (amyotrophy) in the affected areas.

1. Parsonage-Turner syndrome associated with SARS-CoV-2 or SARS-CoV-2 vaccination. Comment on: "Neuralgic amyotrophy and COVID-19 infection: 2 cases of accessory spinal nerve palsy" by Coll et al. Articular Spine 2021; 88: 10519: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34139321/>.

Acute Macular Neuroretinopathy

A rare, acquired retinal disorder characterised by transient or permanent visual impairment accompanied by the presence of reddish-brown, wedge-shaped lesions in the macula, the apices of which tend to point towards the fovea.

1. Bilateral acute macular neuroretinopathy after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34287612/>

Lipschütz ulcers (Vaginal ulcers)

Acute genital ulceration, also known as "Lipschütz ulcer" or "ulcus vulvae acutum," is an uncommon, self-limited, nonsexually transmitted condition characterized by the rapid onset of painful, necrotic ulcerations of the vulva or lower vagina.

1. Lipschütz ulcers after AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34366434/>.

Amyotrophic Neuralgia

A disorder characterized by episodes of severe pain and muscle wasting (amyotrophy) in one or both shoulders and arms. Neuralgic pain is felt along the path of one or more nerves and often has no obvious physical cause.

1. Amyotrophic Neuralgia secondary to Vaxzevri vaccine (AstraZeneca) COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34330677/>

Polyarthralgia

Pain in multiple joints. Symptoms may include pain, tenderness, or tingling in the joints and reduced range of motion. Polyarthralgia is similar to polyarthritis, but it doesn't cause inflammation. Lifestyle changes, home remedies, and medication can help manage the symptoms.

1. Polyarthralgia and myalgia syndrome after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34463066/>

Thyroiditis

The swelling, or inflammation, of the thyroid gland and can lead to over- or under-production of thyroid hormone. A thyroid storm -- or thyroid crisis -- can be a life-threatening condition. It often includes a rapid heartbeat, fever, and even fainting. Symptoms may include pain in the throat, feeling generally unwell, swelling of the thyroid gland and, sometimes, symptoms of an overactive thyroid gland or symptoms of an underactive thyroid gland.

1. Three cases of subacute thyroiditis after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: post-vaccination ASIA syndrome: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34043800/>.

Keratolysis (also termed: corneal melting)

A common prelude to the development of corneal perforation. This process occurs from conditions such as infections, sterile inflammation, or surgical/chemical injury to the cornea. Collectively, these conditions are a significant cause for blindness world-wide.

1. Bilateral immune-mediated keratolysis after immunization with SARS-CoV-2 recombinant viral vector vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34483273/>.

Arthritis

The swelling and tenderness of one or more joints. The main symptoms of arthritis are joint pain and stiffness, which typically worsen with age. The most common types of arthritis are osteoarthritis and rheumatoid arthritis.

1. Reactive arthritis after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34033732/>.

Thymic hyperplasia

A condition in which the thymus gland is inflamed. It is often accompanied by autoimmune diseases such as systemic lupus erythematosus, myasthenia gravis and rheumatoid arthritis.

1. Thymic hyperplasia after Covid-19 mRNA-based vaccination with Covid-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34462647/>

Tolosa-Hunt syndrome

A rare disorder characterized by severe periorbital headaches, along with decreased and painful eye movements (ophthalmoplegia). Symptoms usually affect only one eye (unilateral). In most cases, affected individuals experience intense sharp pain and decreased eye movements.

1. Tolosa-Hunt syndrome occurring after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34513398/>

Hailey-Hailey disease

Also known as benign chronic pemphigus, is a rare skin condition that usually appears in early adulthood. The disorder is characterized by red, raw, and blistered areas of skin that occur most often in skin folds, such as the groin, armpits, neck, and under the breasts.

1. Hailey-Hailey disease exacerbation after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34436620/>

Acute lympholysis

The destruction of lymph cells.

1. Rituximab-induced acute lympholysis and pancytopenia following vaccination with COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34429981/>

Interstitial lung disease

Describes a large group of disorders, most of which cause progressive scarring of lung tissue. The scarring associated with interstitial lung disease eventually affects your ability to breathe and get enough oxygen into your bloodstream.

1. Vaccine-induced interstitial lung disease: a rare reaction to COVID-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34510014/>.

Vesiculobullous cutaneous reactions

A vesiculobullous lesion of the skin encompasses a group of dermatological disorders with protean clinicopathological features. They usually occur as a part of the spectrum of various infectious, inflammatory, drug-induced, genetic, and autoimmune disorders.

1. Vesiculobullous cutaneous reactions induced by COVID-19 mRNA vaccine: report of four cases and review of the literature: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34236711/>

Hematologic conditions

Disorders of the blood and blood-forming organs.

1. Collection of complement-mediated and autoimmune-mediated hematologic conditions after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: <https://ashpublications.org/bloodadvances/article/5/13/2794/476324/Autoimmune-and-complement-mediated-hematologic>

Hemolysis

The destruction of red blood cells.

1. COVID-19 vaccines induce severe hemolysis in paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria: <https://ashpublications.org/blood/article/137/26/3670/475905/COVID-19-vaccines-induce-severe-hemolysis-in>

Headache

See below papers.

1. Headache attributed to COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus) vaccination with the ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 (AZD1222) vaccine: a multicenter observational cohort study: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34313952/>

Acute Coronary Syndrome

Any condition brought on by a sudden reduction or blockage of blood flow to the heart.

1. Mrna COVID vaccines dramatically increase endothelial inflammatory markers and risk of Acute Coronary Syndrome as measured by PULS cardiac testing: a caution: https://www.ahajournals.org/doi/10.1161/circ.144.suppl_1.10712

ANCA Glomerulonephritis

is the term we use when ANCA vasculitis has affected or involved the kidneys, and when this happens there is inflammation and swelling in the kidney filters, meaning that the body's own immune system injures its cells and tissues.

1. ANCA glomerulonephritis following Modern COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34081948/>

Neurologic Phantosmia

is an olfactory hallucination perceived when no odorants are present. Both the olfactory distortions are typically described as unpleasant.

1. Unique imaging findings of neurologic phantosmia after Pfizer-BioNtech COVID-19 vaccination: a case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34096896/>

Uveitis (includes terms: bilateral)

is a form of eye inflammation. It affects the middle layer of tissue in the eye wall (uvea). Uveitis warning signs often come on suddenly and get worse quickly. They include eye redness, pain and blurred vision.

1. Bilateral uveitis after inoculation with COVID-19 vaccine: a case report: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1201971221007797>

Pathophysiologic Alterations

Deranged function in an individual or an organ due to a disease. For example, a pathophysiologic alteration is a change in function as distinguished from a structural defect.

1. Extensive investigations revealed consistent pathophysiologic alterations after vaccination with COVID-19 vaccines: <https://www.nature.com/articles/s41421-021-00329-3>

Gross Hematuria (includes term: Acral Hemorrhage)

produces pink, red or cola-colored urine due to the presence of red blood cells. It takes little blood to produce red urine, and the bleeding usually isn't painful. Passing blood clots in your urine, however, can be painful. Bloody urine often occurs without other signs or symptoms.

1. Gross hematuria after severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 vaccination in 2 patients with IgA nephropathy: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33771584/>

Inflammatory Myositis

inflammatory myopathies are a group of diseases that involve chronic (long-standing) muscle inflammation, muscle weakness, and, in some cases, muscle pain. Myopathy is a general medical term used to describe a number of conditions affecting the muscles. All myopathies cause muscle weakness.

1. Inflammatory myositis after vaccination with ChAdOx1: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34585145/>

Still's Disease

is a rare type of inflammatory arthritis that features fevers, rash and joint pain. Some people have just one episode of adult Still's disease. In other people, the condition persists or recurs. This inflammation can destroy affected joints, particularly the wrists.

1. An outbreak of Still's disease after COVID-19 vaccination in a 34-year-old patient: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34797392/>

Pityriasis Rosea

a skin rash that sometimes begins as a large spot on the chest, abdomen or back, followed by a pattern of smaller lesions.

1. Case report: Pityriasis rosea-like rash after vaccination with COVID-19: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34557507/>

Acute Eosinophilic Pneumonia

is the acute-onset form of eosinophilic pneumonia, a lung disease caused by the buildup of eosinophils, a type of white blood cell, in the lungs. It is characterized by a rapid onset of shortness of breath, cough, fatigue, night sweats, and weight loss.

1. Acute eosinophilic pneumonia associated with anti-COVID-19 vaccine AZD1222: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34812326/>.

Sweet's Syndrome

is an uncommon skin condition marked by a distinctive eruption of tiny bumps that enlarge and are often tender to the touch. They can appear on the back, neck, arms or face. Sweet's syndrome, also called acute febrile neutrophilic dermatosis, is an uncommon skin condition.

1. Sweet's syndrome after Oxford-AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccine (AZD1222) in an elderly woman: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34590397/>

Sensorineural Hearing Loss

Hearing loss caused by damage to the inner ear or the nerve from the ear to the brain. Sensorineural hearing loss is permanent.

1. Sudden sensorineural hearing loss after COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34670143/>.

Serious Adverse Events Among Health Care Professionals

See below paper.

1. Prevalence of serious adverse events among health care professionals after receiving the first dose of ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 coronavirus vaccine (Covishield) in Togo, March 2021: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34819146/>.

Toxic Epidermal Necrolysis

A life-threatening skin disorder characterized by a blistering and peeling of the skin. This disorder can be caused by a drug reaction—often antibiotics or anticonvulsives.

1. A case of toxic epidermal necrolysis after vaccination with ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 (AZD1222): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34751429/>.

Ocular Adverse Events

The majority of ocular immune-related adverse events (irAEs) are mild, low-grade, non-sight threatening, such as blurred vision, conjunctivitis, and ocular surface disease.

1. Ocular adverse events following COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34559576/>

Depression

A common and serious medical illness that negatively affects how you feel, the way you think and how you act. Depression causes feelings of sadness and/or a loss of interest in activities you once enjoyed.

1. Depression after ChAdOx1-S / nCoV-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34608345/>.

Pancreas Allograft Rejection

the body's blood cells identify the pancreas as foreign and begin mounting an army of cells to attack the transplanted organ. Although acute rejection can happen at any time, about 15 to 25% of pancreas acute rejection occurs within the first three months after transplant.

1. Pancreas allograft rejection after ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34781027/>

Acute Hemichorea-Hemiballismus

Hemiballismus is characterized by high amplitude, violent, flinging and flailing movements confined to one side of body and hemichorea is characterized by involuntary random-appearing irregular movements that are rapid and non-patterned confined to one side of body.

1. Acute hemichorea-hemiballismus after COVID-19 (AZD1222) vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34581453/>

Alopecia Areata

Sudden hair loss that starts with one or more circular bald patches that may overlap. Alopecia areata occurs when the immune system attacks hair follicles and may be brought on by severe stress.

1. Recurrence of alopecia areata after covid-19 vaccination: a report of three cases in Italy: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34741583/>

Graves' Disease

is an autoimmune disorder that causes hyperthyroidism, or overactive thyroid. With this disease, your immune system attacks the thyroid and causes it to make more thyroid hormone than your body needs. The thyroid is a small, butterfly-shaped gland in the front of your neck. Thyroid hormones control how your body uses energy, so they affect nearly every organ in your body—even the way your heart beats. If left untreated, hyperthyroidism can cause serious problems with the heart, bones, muscles, menstrual cycle, and fertility. During pregnancy, untreated hyperthyroidism can lead to health problems for the mother and baby. Graves' disease also can affect your eyes and skin.

1. Two cases of Graves' disease after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: an autoimmune / inflammatory syndrome induced by adjuvants: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33858208/>

Cardiovascular Events

refer to any incidents that may cause damage to the heart muscle.

1. Cardiovascular, neurological, and pulmonary events after vaccination with BNT162b2, ChAdOx1 nCoV-19, and Ad26.COV2.S vaccines: an analysis of European data: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34710832/>

Metabolic Syndrome

A cluster of conditions that increase the risk of heart disease, stroke and diabetes.

1. Change in blood viscosity after COVID-19 vaccination: estimation for persons with underlying metabolic syndrome: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34868465/>

Eosinophilic Dermatitis

Eosinophilic skin diseases, commonly termed as eosinophilic dermatoses, refer to a broad spectrum of skin diseases characterized by eosinophil infiltration and/or degranulation in skin lesions, with or without blood eosinophilia. The majority of eosinophilic dermatoses lie in the allergy-related group, including allergic drug eruption, urticaria, allergic contact dermatitis, atopic dermatitis, and eczema.

1. Eosinophilic dermatitis after AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34753210/>.

Hypercoagulability

the tendency to have thrombosis as a result of certain inherited and/or acquired molecular defects. Clinical manifestations of hypercoagulability can be devastating and even lethal

1. COVID-19 vaccine in patients with hypercoagulability disorders: a clinical perspective: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34786893/>

Neuroimaging Findings in Post COVID-19 Vaccination

see paper below.

1. Spectrum of neuroimaging findings in post-CoVID-19 vaccination: a case series and review of the literature: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34842783/>

Urticaria

A rash of round, red welts on the skin that itch intensely, sometimes with dangerous swelling, caused by an allergic reaction.

1. Increased risk of urticaria/angioedema after BNT162b2 mRNA COVID-19 vaccination in health care workers taking ACE inhibitors: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34579248/>

Central Vein Occlusion

Is a blockage of this vein that causes the vein to leak blood and excess fluid into the retina. This fluid often collects in the area of the retina responsible for central vision called the macula. When the macula is affected, central vision may become blurry. The second eye will develop vein occlusion in 6-17% of cases. There's no cure for retinal vein occlusion. Your doctor can't unblock the retinal veins. What they can do is treat any complications and protect your vision.

1. Central retinal vein occlusion after vaccination with SARS-CoV-2 mRNA: case report: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34571653/>.

Thrombophlebitis

A condition in which a blood clot in a vein causes inflammation and pain.

1. Idiopathic external jugular vein thrombophlebitis after coronavirus disease vaccination (COVID-19): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33624509/>.

Squamous Cell Carcinoma

A slow-growing type of lung cancer.

1. Squamous cell carcinoma of the lung with hemoptysis following vaccination with tozinameran (BNT162b2, Pfizer-BioNTech): <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34612003/>

Chest Pain

See paper below

1. Chest pain with abnormal electrocardiogram redevelopment after injection of COVID-19 vaccine manufactured by Moderna: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34866106/>

Acute Inflammatory Neuropathies

Encompass groups of heterogeneous disorders characterized by pathogenic immune-mediated hematogenous leukocyte infiltration of peripheral nerves, nerve roots or both, with resultant demyelination or axonal degeneration or both, and the pathogenesis of these disorders remains elusive.

1. Reporting of acute inflammatory neuropathies with COVID-19 vaccines: subgroup disproportionality analysis in VigiBase: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34579259/>

Brain Death

Irreversible cessation of all functions of the entire brain, including the brain stem. A person who is brain dead is dead.

1. Brain death in a vaccinated patient with COVID-19 infection: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34656887/>

Kounis Syndrome

is the concurrence of acute coronary syndromes with conditions associated with mast cell activation, such as allergies or hypersensitivity and anaphylactic or anaphylactoid insults that can involve other interrelated and interacting inflammatory cells behaving as a 'ball of thread'.

1. Kounis syndrome type 1 induced by inactivated SARS-COV-2 vaccine: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34148772/>

Angioimmunoblastic T-cell Lymphoma

is a type of peripheral T-cell lymphoma. It is a high grade (aggressive) lymphoma that affects blood cells called T cells. High grade lymphomas tend to grow more quickly than low grade lymphomas. AITL usually affects older people, typically around the age of 70, is typically aggressive with a median survival of fewer than 3 years, even with intensive treatment.

1. Rapid progression of angioimmunoblastic T-cell lymphoma after BNT162b2 mRNA booster vaccination: case report: <https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/fmed.2021.798095/>

Gastroparesis

A condition that affects the stomach muscles and prevents proper stomach emptying.

1. Gastroparesis after Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccination: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34187985/>

Asthma

a condition in which a person's airways become inflamed, narrow and swell and produce extra mucus, which makes it difficult to breathe. Asthma can be minor or it can interfere with daily activities. In some cases, it may lead to a life-threatening attack.

1. Colaneri, M., De Filippo, M., Licari, A., Marseglia, A., Maiocchi, L., Ricciardi, A., . . . Bruno, R. (2021). COVID vaccination and asthma exacerbation: might there be a link? *Int J Infect Dis*, 112, 243-246. doi:10.1016/j.ijid.2021.09.026. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34547487>

Safety in Adolescents

see below paper

1. Dimopoulou, D., Spyridis, N., Vartzelis, G., Tsolia, M. N., & Maritsi, D. N. (2021). Safety and tolerability of the COVID-19 mRNA-vaccine in adolescents with juvenile idiopathic arthritis on treatment with TNF-inhibitors. *Arthritis Rheumatol*. doi:10.1002/art.41977. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34492161>

2. Hause, A. M., Gee, J., Baggs, J., Abara, W. E., Marquez, P., Thompson, D., . . . Shay, D. K. (2021). COVID-19 Vaccine Safety in Adolescents Aged 12-17 Years – United States, December 14, 2020–July 16, 2021. *MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep*, 70(31), 1053-1058. doi:10.15585/mmwr.mm7031e1. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34351881>

Safety Monitoring of the Janssen Vaccine

see below paper

1. Shay, D. K., Gee, J., Su, J. R., Myers, T. R., Marquez, P., Liu, R., . . . Shimabukuro, T. T. (2021). Safety Monitoring of the Janssen (Johnson & Johnson) COVID-19 Vaccine – United States, March–April 2021. *MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep*, 70(18), 680-684. doi:10.15585/mmwr.mm7018e2. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/33956784>

Myocardial Injury

refers to the cell death of cardiomyocytes and is defined by an elevation of cardiac troponin values. It is not only considered a prerequisite for the diagnosis of myocardial infarction but also an entity in itself and can arise from non-ischaemic or non-cardiac conditions.

1. Acute myocardial injury after COVID-19 vaccination: a case report and review of current evidence from the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System database: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34219532/>
2. Deb, A., Abdelmalek, J., Iwuji, K., & Nugent, K. (2021). Acute Myocardial Injury Following COVID-19 Vaccination: A Case Report and Review of Current Evidence from Vaccine Adverse Events Reporting System Database. *J Prim Care Community Health*, 12, 21501327211029230. doi:10.1177/21501327211029230. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34219532>

Autoimmune Inflammatory Rheumatic Diseases

Rheumatic diseases are autoimmune and inflammatory diseases that cause your immune system to attack your joints, muscles, bones and organs. Rheumatic diseases are often grouped under the term “arthritis” — which is used to describe over 100 diseases and conditions.

1. Furer, V., Eviatar, T., Zisman, D., Peleg, H., Paran, D., Levartovsky, D., . . . Elkayam, O. (2021). Immunogenicity and safety of the BNT162b2 mRNA COVID-19 vaccine in adult patients with autoimmune inflammatory rheumatic diseases and in the general population: a multicentre study. *Ann Rheum Dis*, 80(10), 1330-1338. doi:10.1136/annrheumdis-2021-220647. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34127481>

Neurological Autoimmune Diseases

If you have a neurological autoimmune disease, your immune system may be overly active and mistakenly attack healthy cells. These include central nervous system demyelinating disorders such as multiple sclerosis and neuromyelitis optica, paraneoplastic, and other autoimmune encephalomyelitis and autoimmune inflammatory myositis and demyelinating neuropathies.

1. Neurological autoimmune diseases after SARS-CoV-2 vaccination: a case series: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34668274/>.

V-REPP

vaccine-related eruption of papules and plaques.

1. Clinical and pathologic correlates of skin reactions to COVID-19 vaccine, including V-REPP: a registry-based study: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0190962221024427>

Herpes Simplex Virus

A virus causing contagious sores, most often around the mouth or on the genitals.

1. Varicella zoster virus and herpes simplex virus reactivation after vaccination with COVID-19: review of 40 cases in an international dermatologic registry: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34487581/>